



CARANA

Country Study Briefing

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Purpose

To provide an overview of the Carana scenario to establish a clear understanding of the context, ensuring effective participation in the upcoming Learning Activities of Module 3, as well as the Table-Top Exercise (TTX) and/or Field Training Exercise (FTX)



CARANA

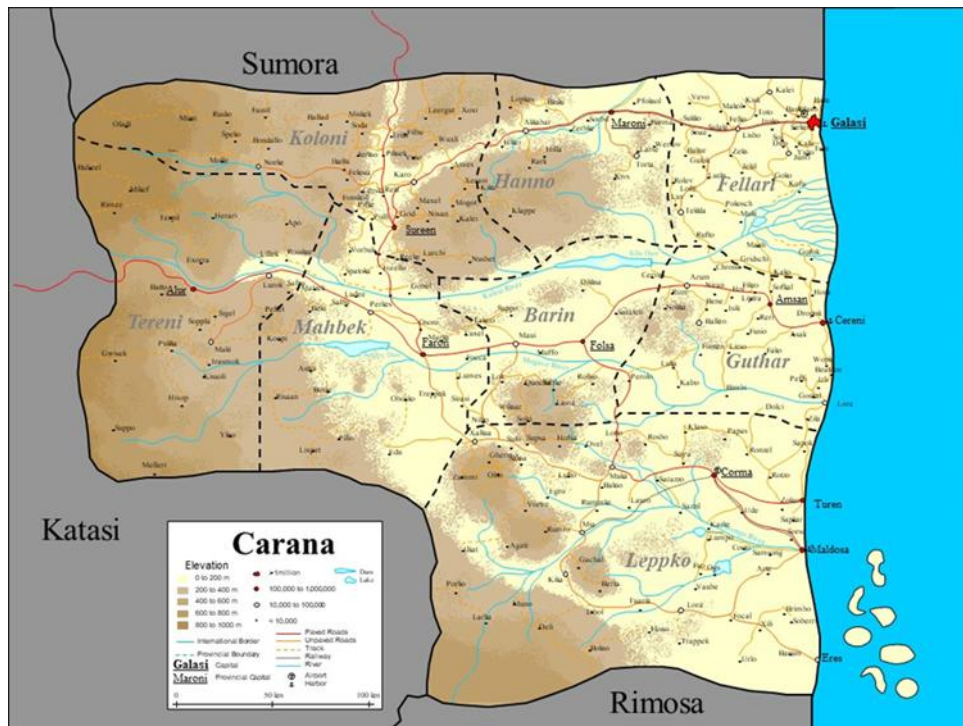


- **Carana lies on the East coast of 8th Continent - Fasia**



- Total Area: 119,480 km²
- Coast Line: 300 km
- **Border Countries:**
 - Sumora: North - 443 km
 - Katasi: West - 851 km
 - Rimosa: South - 217 km

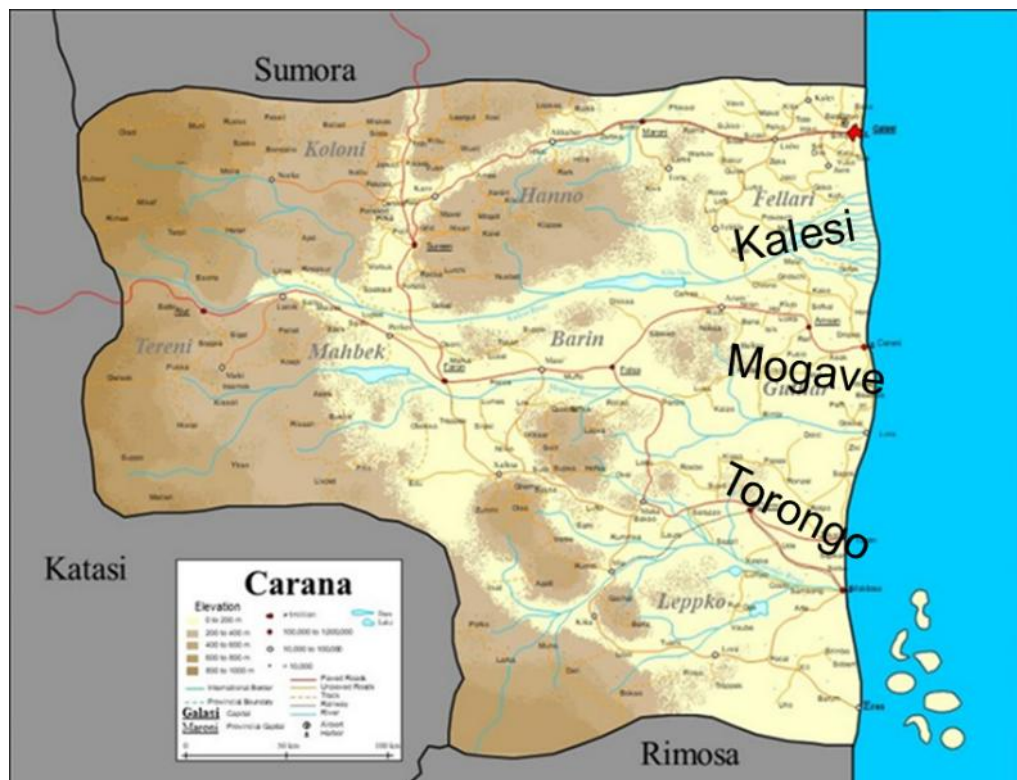
CARANA



- **Independence: 22 Oct 1986**
- **Capital: Galasi**
- **Administrative Divisions:**
 - 1 special municipality: Galasi
 - 8 provinces: Fellari, Guthar, Leppko, Hanno, Barin, Koloni, Mahbek, and Tereni
- **Country Leadership:**
 - President: Jackson Ogavo
- **Population: 17 million**
- **Language:**
 - Official: French
 - 20 local dialects



Geography



- **Vegetation:**

- West and South: jungle and dense bush
- Centre and East: clear (agriculture)

- **Hydrography:**

- Major Rivers: Kalesi, Mogave and Torongo
 - Seasonal flooding along Kalesi River
 - Torongo navigable for large cargo

- **Topography:**

- East & Centre: Flat plains
- West & Southwest: Highlands

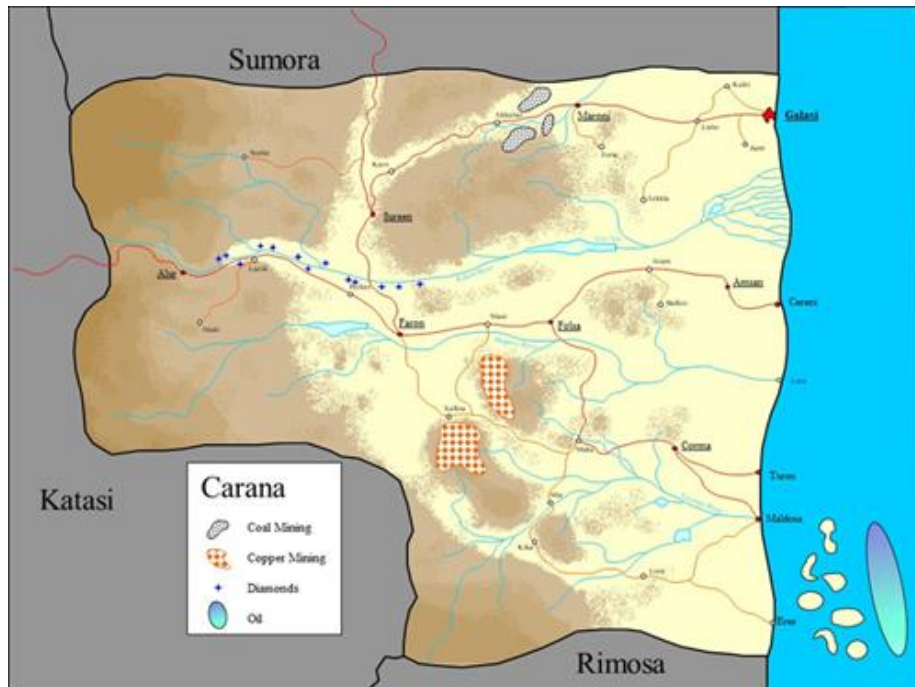


- West (Highlands): Cooler temperatures and heavy rainfalls (monsoons)
- North: Mild temperatures
- East and South: Hot and dry
- Central: Hot and humid

- **Wet season:** Apr-Oct
- **Dry season:** Dec-Feb



Natural Resources

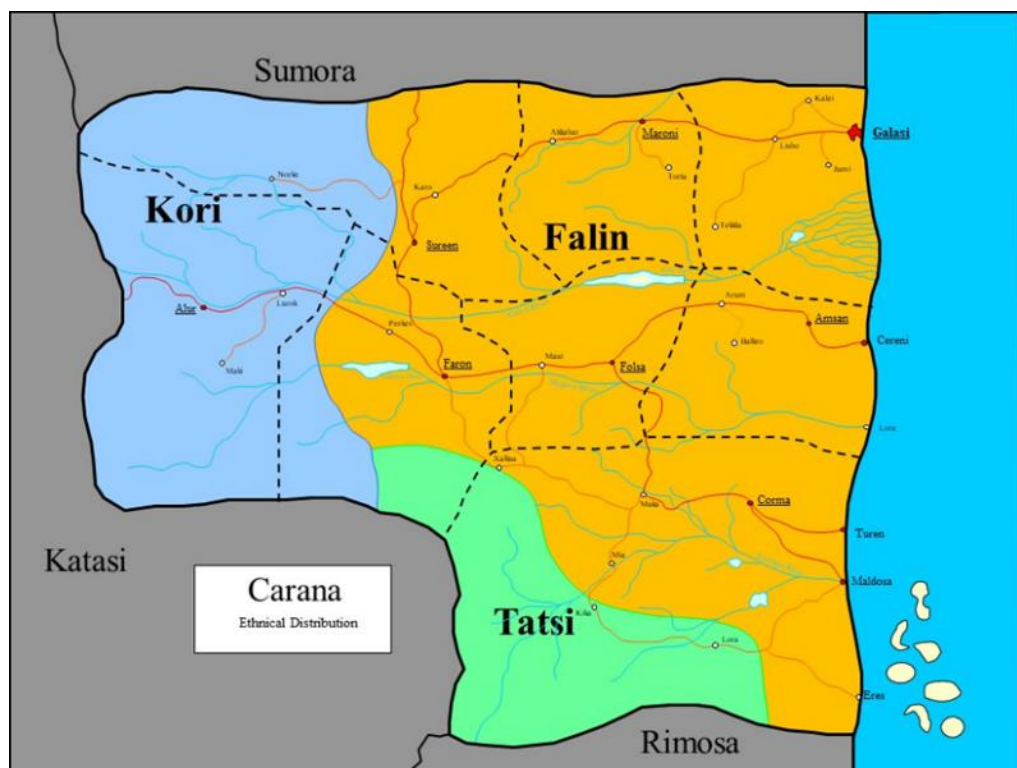


- Diamonds: Mahbek and Barin (along Kalesi River)
- Copper: Mia
- Coal: Hanno
- Rare wood and timber: West (jungle mountains)
- Lithium, sodium, potassium: Central
- Oil: Coastline
- Agricultural: 20% of total area of Carana

The unequal distribution of resources is a source of tension and a driver of violent conflict



Demography



- **Major Cities (> 100,000):**

- Galasi, Maldosa, Corma, Sureen, Alur, Faron, Amsan, Cereni, Turen, Folsa, Maroni

- **Three main Ethnic groups:**

- Falin (60%) - East and Centre
- Kori (20%) - West
- Tatsi (15%) – South and Southwest

- All three groups are mixed in several areas
=> violent inter-ethnic clashes



Main Religious

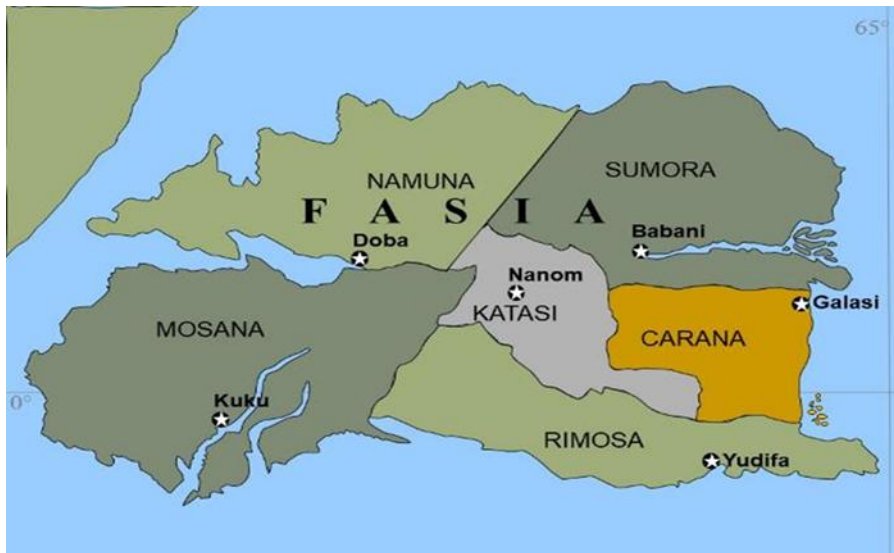


- **Christians: 75%**
 - Roman Catholic: 40%
 - Protestant Lutherans or Baptists: 35%
- **Muslims: 20%**
 - Majority: Sunni (West)
 - Some extremist groups: Sharia Law (Southwest)
 - Minority: Shia (South)

Relations with Neighboring Countries



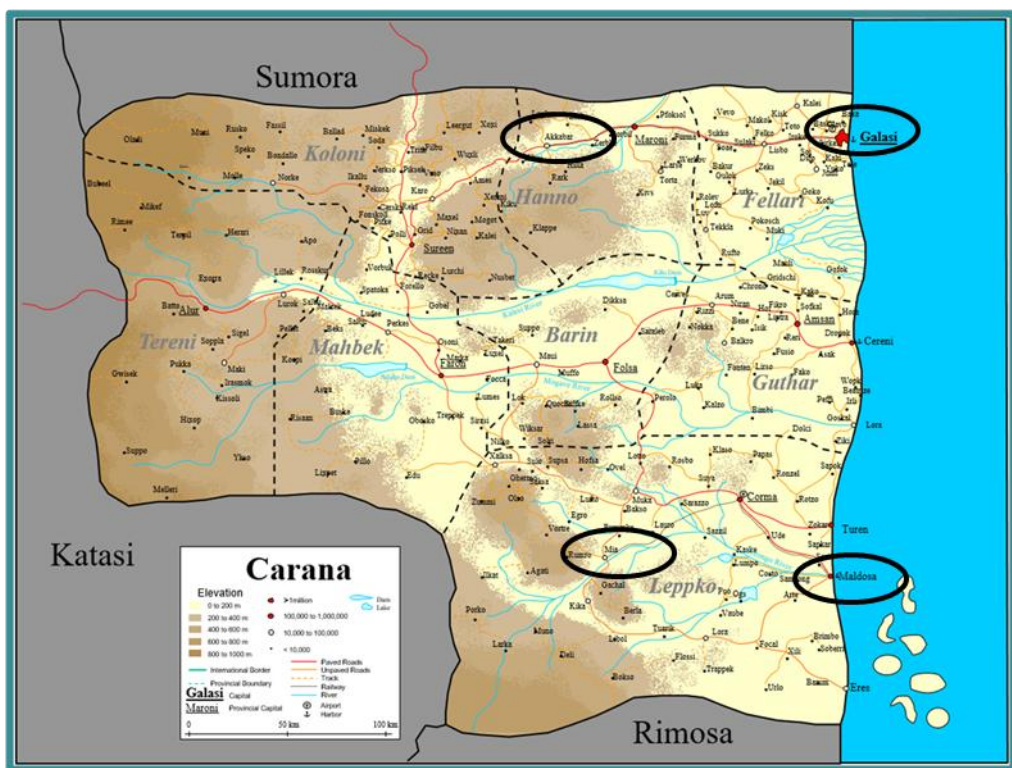
Boundaries result from the colonial time and do not represent the ethnic distribution



- **Relations with neighbouring countries:**
 - Sumora: good
 - Katasi: strained (supporting MPC rebels)
 - Rimosa: tense (rebel group ELF links with CISC)



Infrastructure



- **Transportation**

- Capable paved roads
- Connect key urban centres

- **Minimal maintenance → travel is very difficult during the rainy season**

- **Railways**

- Two main rail lines:
 - Galasi – Akkabar
 - Maldosa - Mia



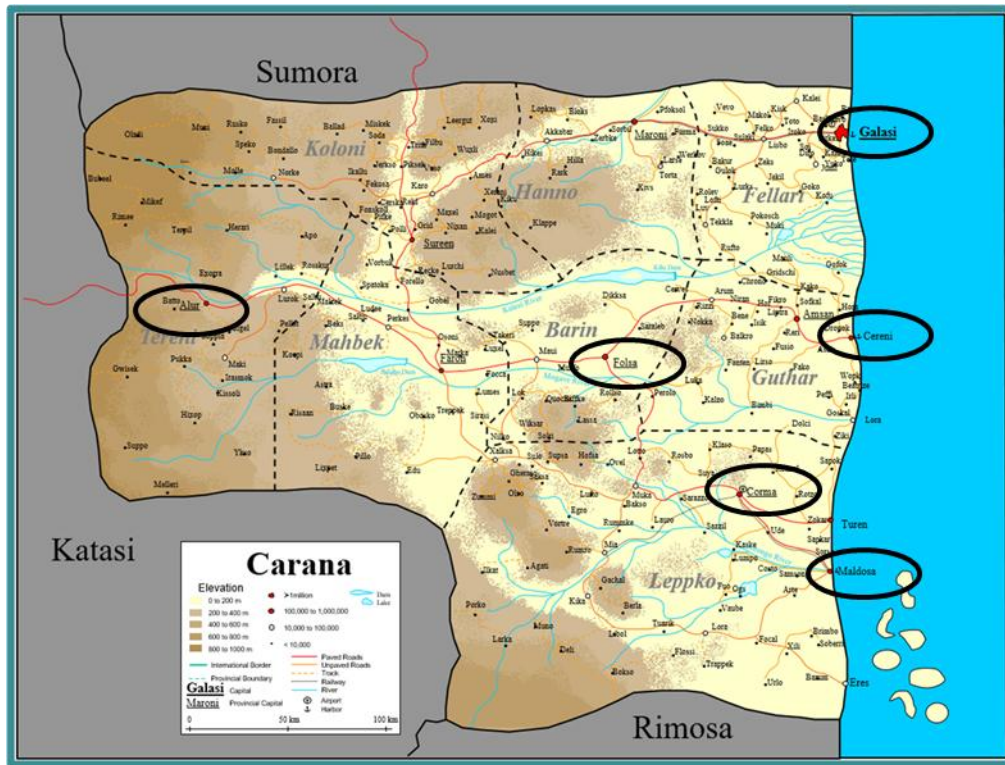
Infrastructure

- **Harbours**

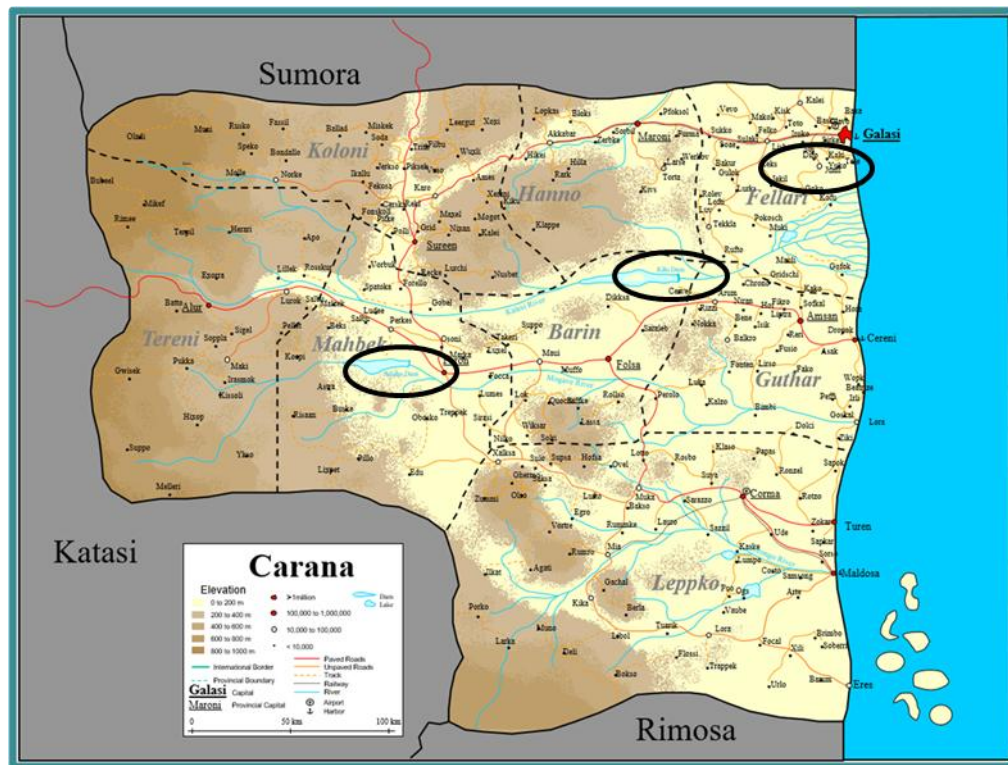
- Galasi (best equipped – RoRo capability)
- Cereni (Cranes, containers)
- Maldosa (railroad access – copper)

- **Airports**

- 02 international (Galasi and Corma)
 - Suitable for heavy transport aircraft
 - Limited cargo handling capacity
- Other airfields (not all paved runways)
 - Alur and Folsa (medium transport)
 - All other airfields (light fixed wing)

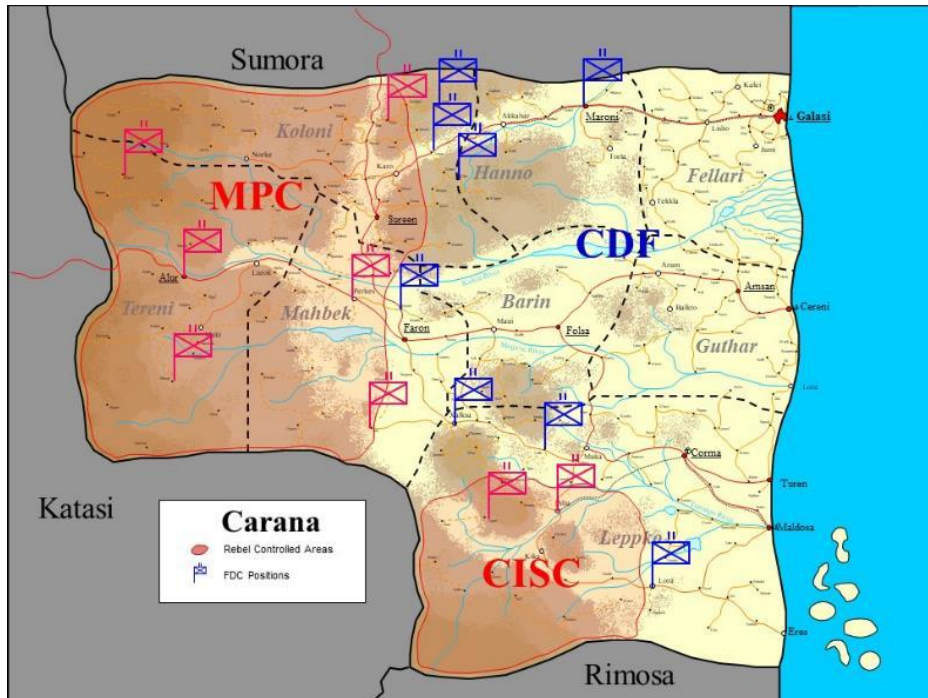


Energy, Water and Communication



- Self-sufficient production of electricity
- 03 power plants:
 - Kilu Dam: Northwest Arum
 - Salobo Dam: South Perkes
 - Coal power: Galasi
- Rural areas: no access to the grid
- Galasi & larger cities: water supply system
- No sanitation in urban areas
- Cellular covers main towns and routes

Carana Defence Force

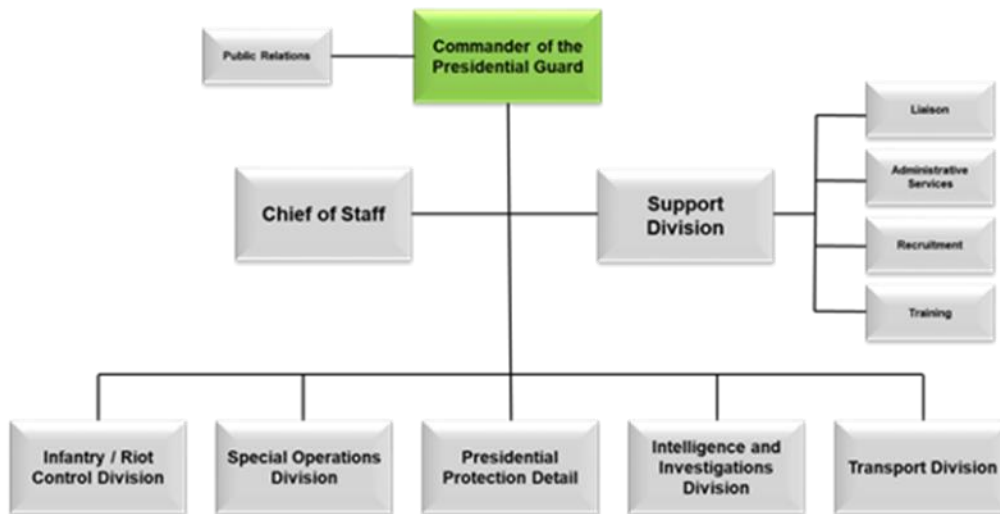


- **Carana Defense Force (CDF):** 20,000
(17,500 Army, 1,600 Air Force, 900 Navy)
 - **Army:** 4 regional commands:
 - Represent government's authority
 - Light tanks, reconnaissance vehicles, APCs, artillery, mortars, missile launchers
 - **Navy:** small number of coastal & river patrol boats
 - **Air force:** squadron of armed helicopters, transport helicopters, few light bombers



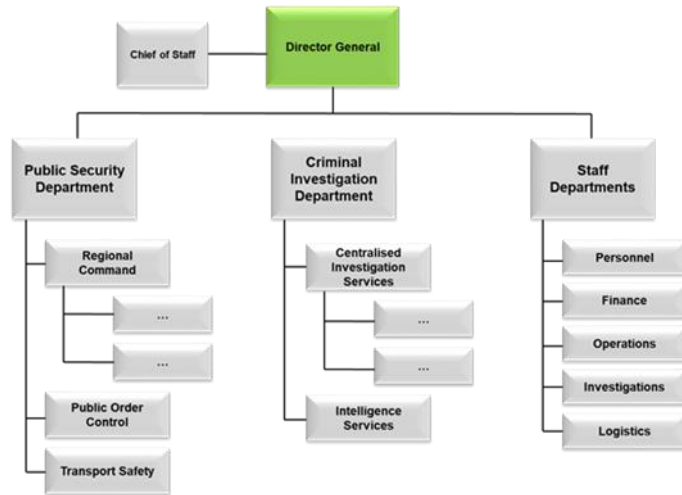
Presidential Guard

- **Presidential Guard:**



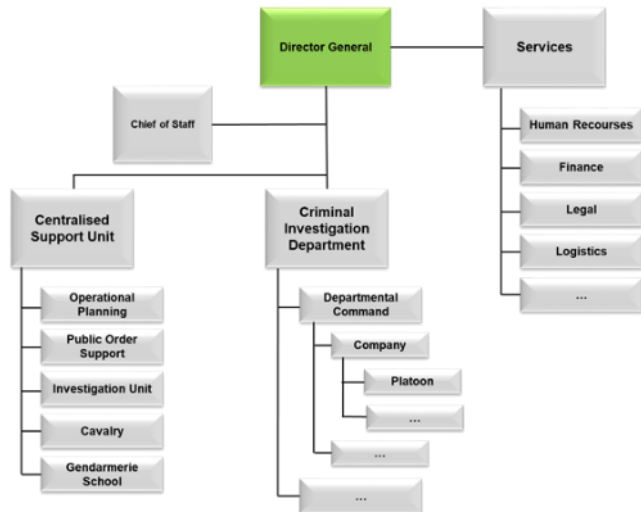
- Equivalent of two Inf Bn and not part of the regular defence force
- Commanders and officers are Falin - recruited by the President
- Well trained. Elite force to protect the President and fight against rebel groups
- Reputation for brutality

Carana National Police and Gendarmerie



- **CNP: 7,100 police officers**

- Operates mainly in populated areas
- Underfinanced, understaffed, and insufficiently organised
- Lack of education and training pillar



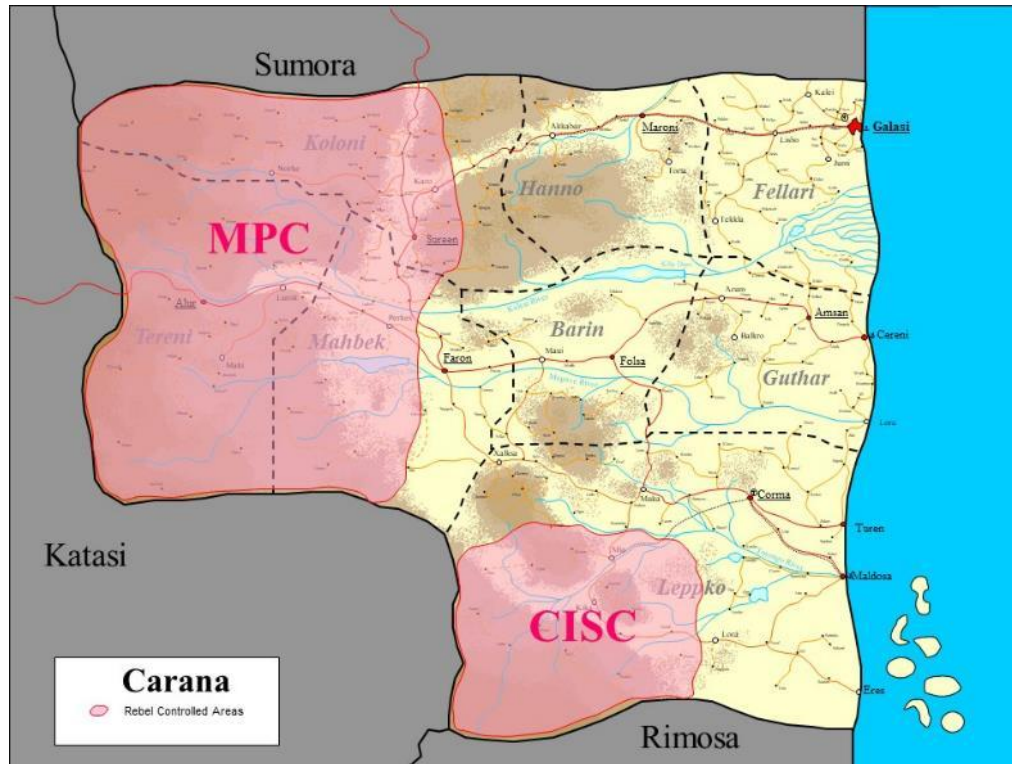
- **Gendarmerie: 2,900 officers**

- Responsible for public order in rural areas
- Authorised to conduct military police duties
- Closely connected with FDC
- Better funded and staffed than CNP

Mouvement Patriotique du Carana



- **Movement Patriotique du Carana (MPC):** 10,000 fighters

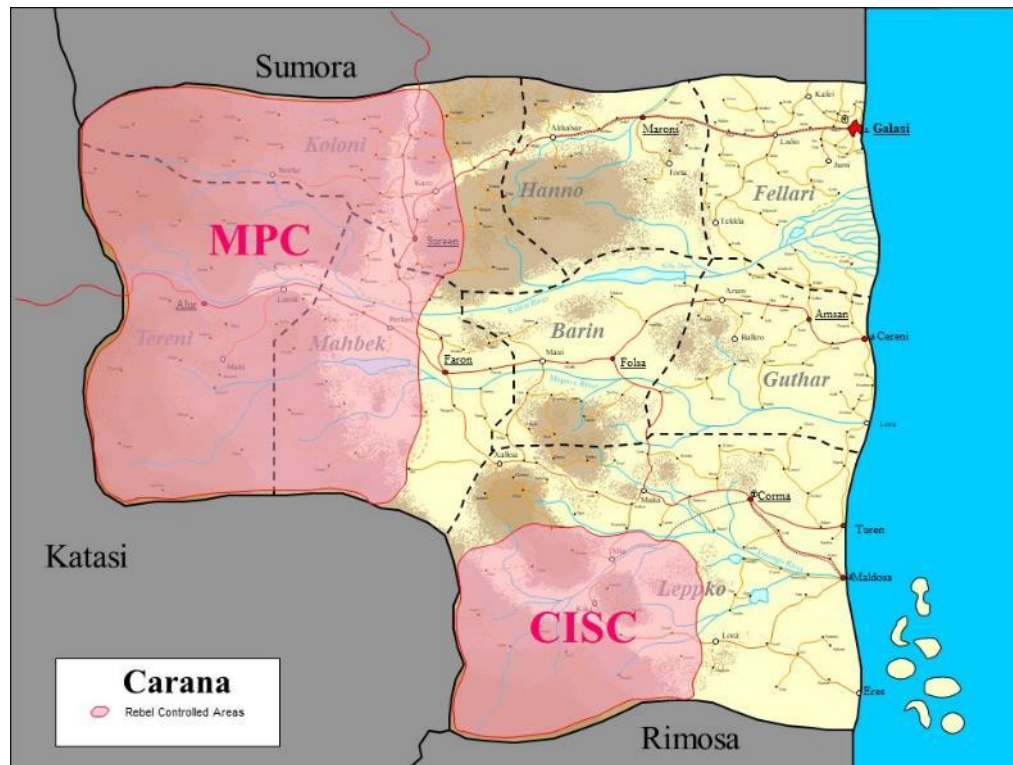


- Structured into groups of 700 men
- Local network of supporters
- High loyalty and discipline to commanders
- HQ in Alur
- Have taken government and administrative functions in some areas
- Well accepted by Kori population in West



Combattants Indépendants du Sud Carana

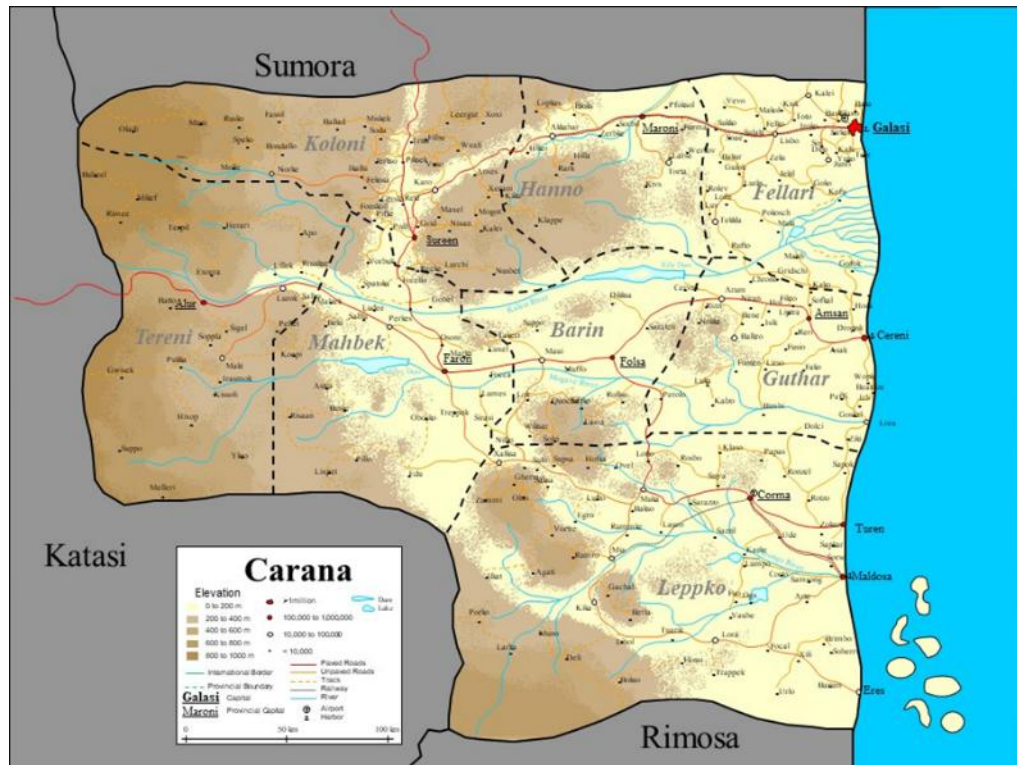
Combattants Indépendants du Sud Carana (CISC): 3,000 - 5,000 fighters



- Weak C2 structure
- Organised in Coy-strength formations
- Low Discipline and internal cohesion
- No Info available on training and equipment
- Successful in recruiting young men from local population in the South
- Supported by Tatsi population in Leppko

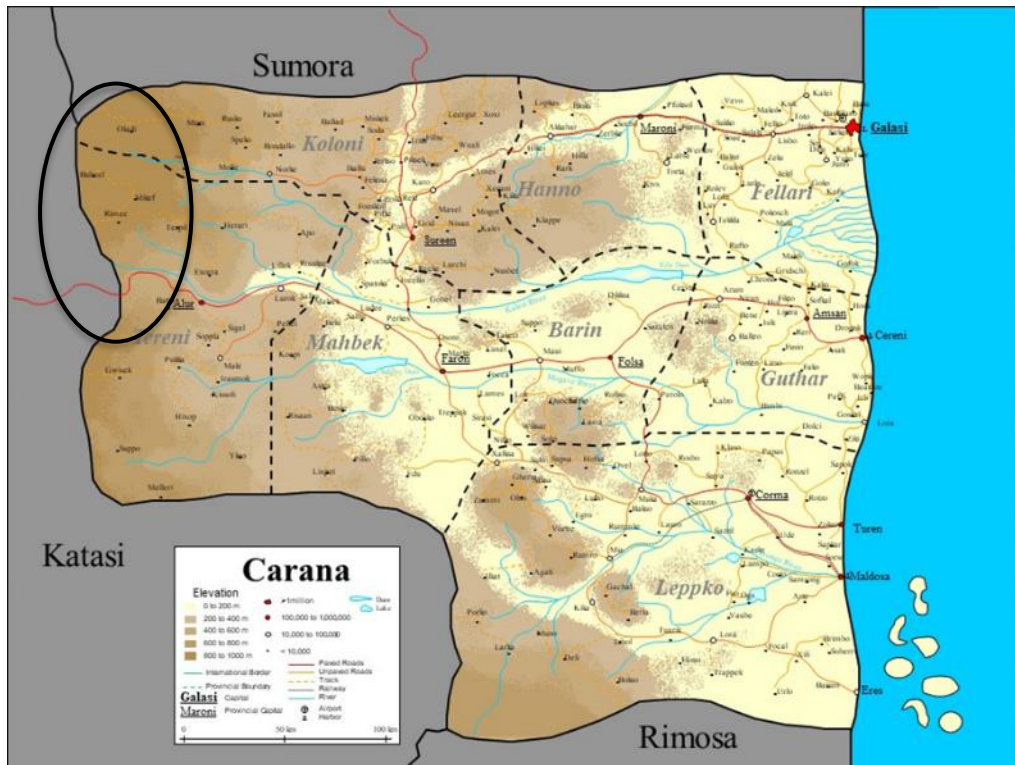


Militia, Gangs and Warlords



- Several smaller armed groups in Leppko (South)
- Formed by CISC or FDC deserters
- Other “vigilant” groups
- Activities: Theft, exploitation, ransom
- Loyal to warlords
- 300 -1,000 fighters with light weapons
- None of these groups are part of the Peace Process

Foreign Military Groups/Military Forces



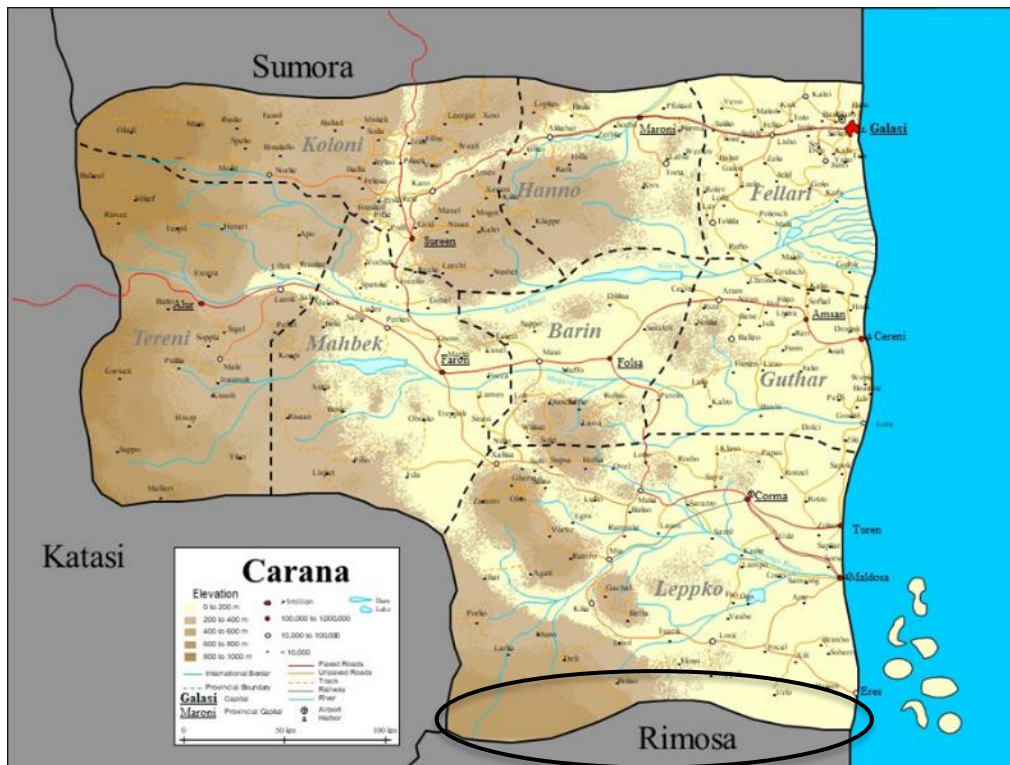
- **El Hasar Group**

- Origin: Katasi
- Terrorist Organisation
- Crossed border: Koloni and Tereni (West)
- Armed attacks against villages (rape, torture)
- Unconfirmed support by Tatsi and Kori

Foreign Military Groups/Military Forces



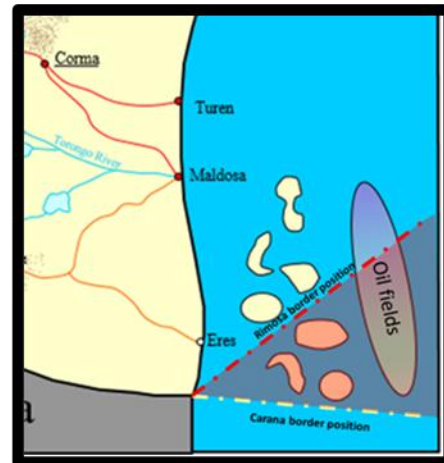
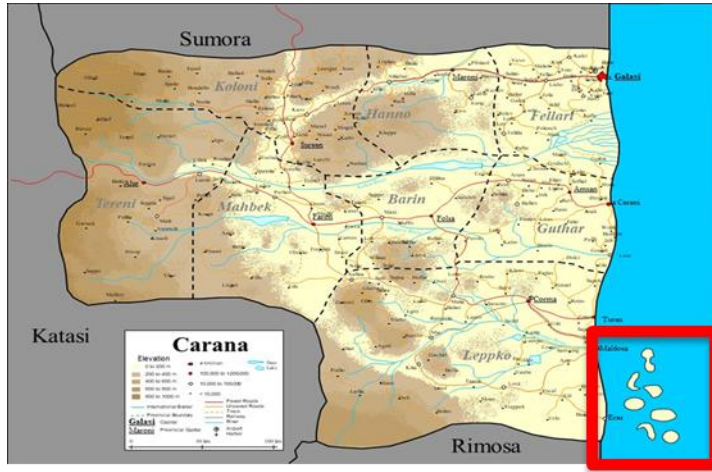
- **Elassi Liberation Front (ELF)**



- Origin: Rimoso
- Insurgent group
- Operate in South Carana with CISC
- Armed attacks against villages
- ELF plans to establish an independent State in Rimoso (and Carana)
- Armed attacks against villages (rape, torture)



Banditry/Piracy

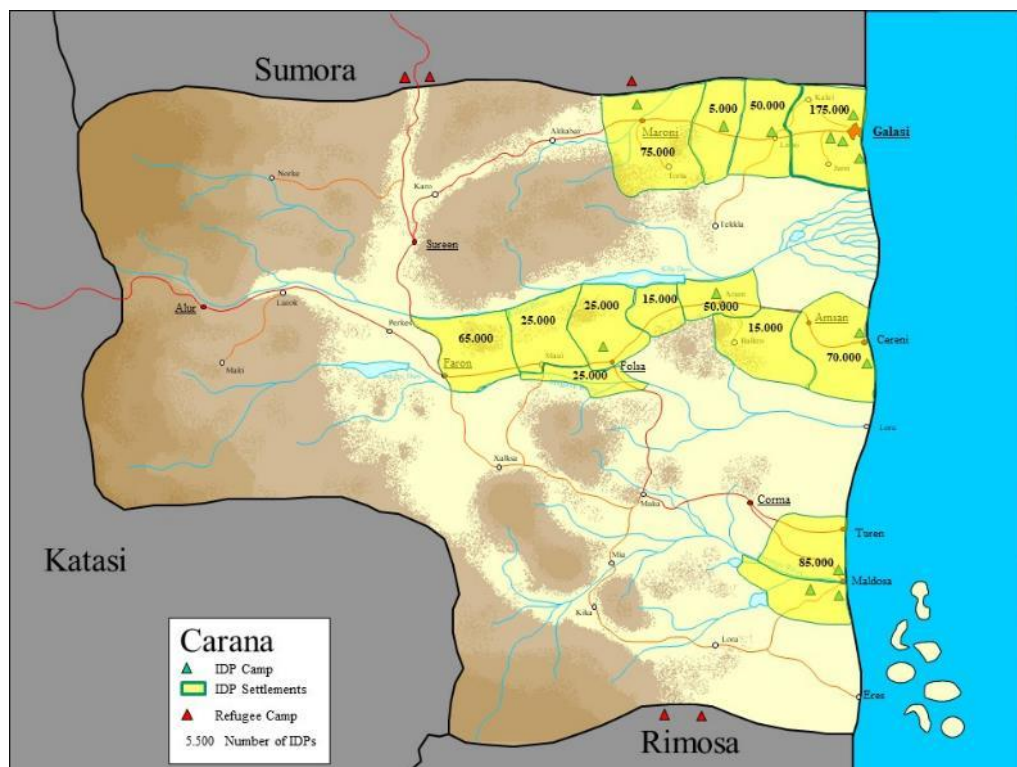


- Discovery of oil and exploration offshore and shipping of copper from Maldosa
- Increased cases of piracy and hijacking of vessels
- Pirates use islands as base/cover
- Little Info about these groups



Humanitarian Situation

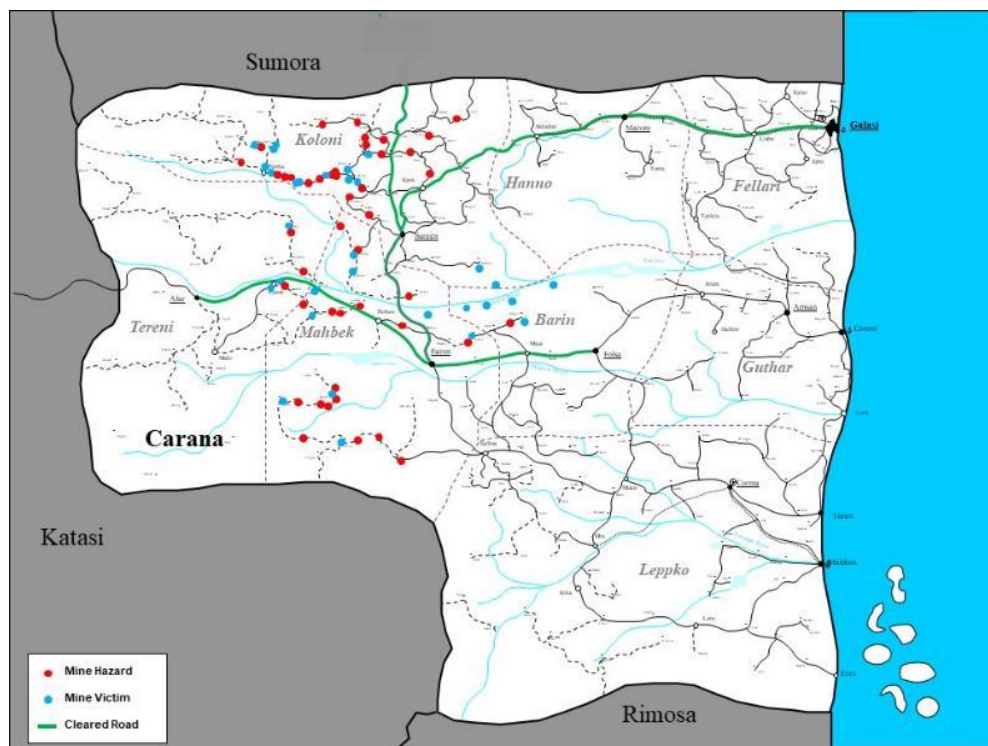
Refugees and Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs)



- **100,000 Refugees:**
 - Sumora: 40,000
 - Katasi: 40,000
 - Rimosa: 20,000
- **700,000 IDPs:**
 - Gang violence in IDP camps
 - Poor water and sanitation
 - High levels of HIV, alcoholism, drugs



Mine Situation/Explosives



- Landmines extensively used during the conflict
- Location of mines and explosives not documented
- Need analysis to identify high mine threat areas



Background of the Conflict



- Almost 10 years of civil war:
 - Humanitarian crises, HR abuses/violations, breaking down law and order, etc
- Kalari Peace Treaty: Ceasefire between government and rebel groups (2021)
- UNSC: Authorised the deployment of UNAC to assist the parties in implementing the Peace Agreement, support the country's transition to a secure and peaceful democracy



Security Council Resolution 1544 (2021)



Expressing its utmost concerns at the consequences of the prolonged conflict for the civilian population throughout Carana, in particular the increase in the number of refugees and internally displaced persons (IDP),

...

Determining that the situation in Carana continues to constitute a threat to international peace and security in the region, to stability in the 8th Continent sub-region, and to the peace process for Carana,

Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

Security Council Resolution 1544 (2021)



Decides to establish the United Nations Assistance Mission Carana (UNAC), for a period of 12 months and further decides that UNAC will consist of up to 13,315 United Nations military personnel, including up to 185 military observers, 40 liaison officers and 300 staff officers, and up to 1,885 police officers including up 960 formed units, and 925 individual police officers to assist in the maintenance of law and order throughout Carana, and the appropriate civilian component.

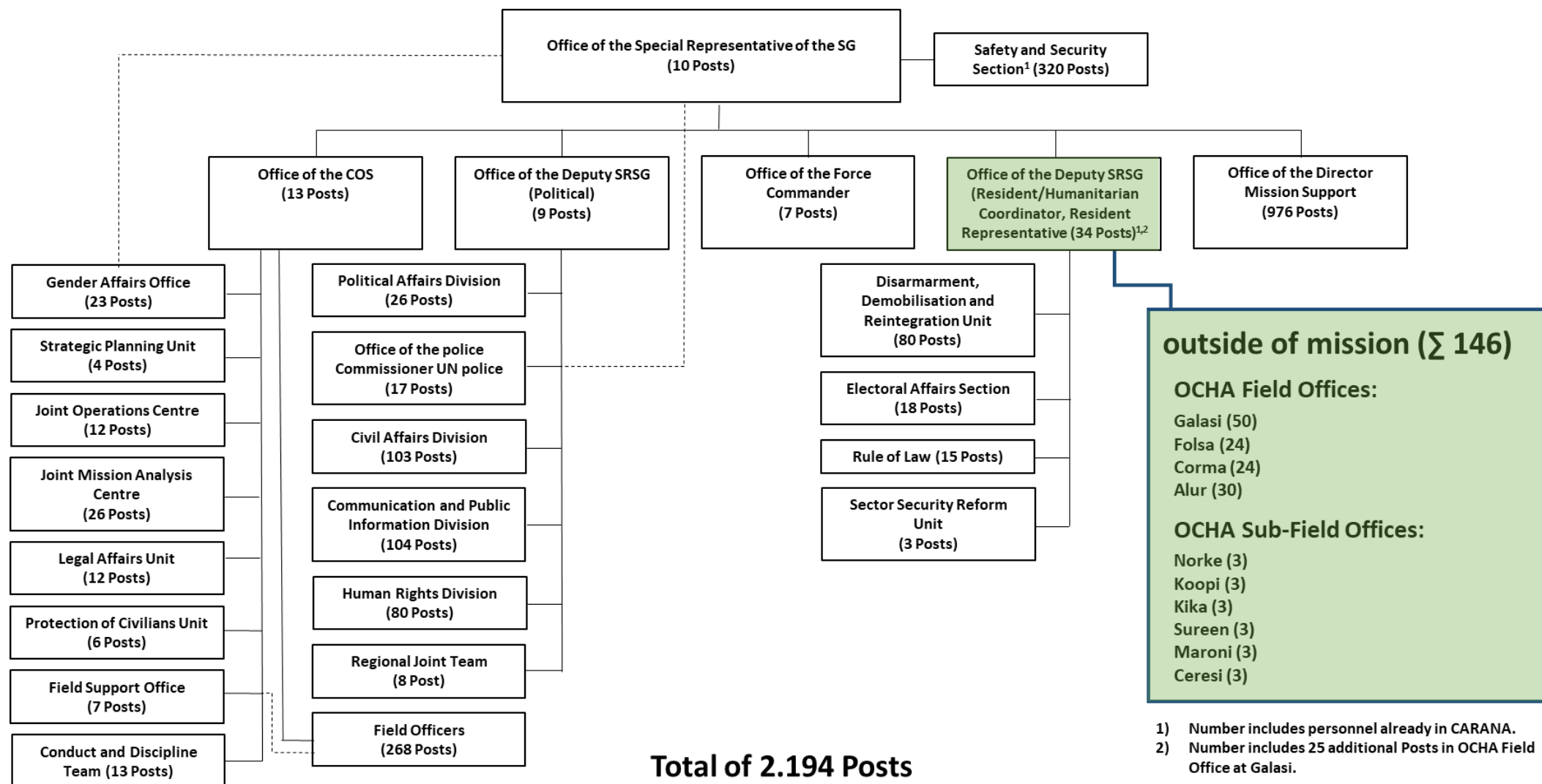
Mandate



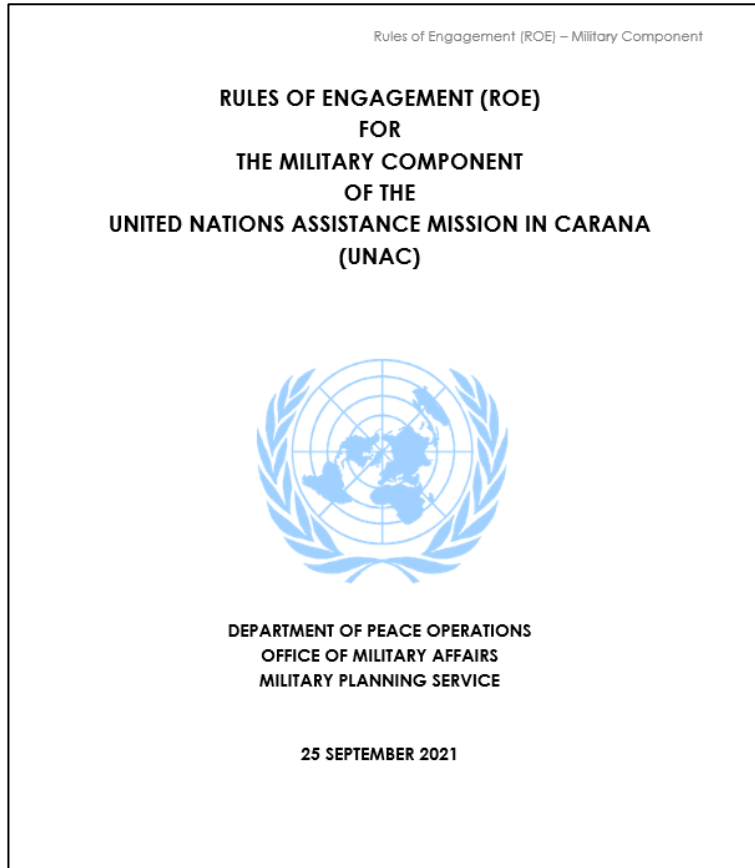
- Support for the implementation of the Ceasefire Agreement
- Support for Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration
- Protection of civilians and UN Personnel, Facilities and Civilians
- Promotion and protection of human rights
- Support for Humanitarian Assistance
- Support for Security Sector Reform
- Support for the Implementation of the Peace Process



UNAC Mission Structure



Core Rules of Engagement



1.1 **Use of force**, up to and including deadly force, **to defend oneself and other UN personnel** against a hostile act or a hostile intent, is authorized.

1.5 **Use of force**, up to and including deadly force, **to protect United Nations installations**, areas or goods designated by the SRSG in consultation with the Force Commander, against a hostile act, is authorized.

1.8 **Use of force** up to and including deadly force, in order **to protect civilians** under immediate threat of physical violence, is authorized.

Core Rules of Engagement



1.10 **Use of force**, up to and including deadly force is authorized **against** any individual and/or group, **who limits** or intends to limit the **freedom of movement** of UNAC personnel.

1.11 **Use of force** up to and including deadly force, **to resist** armed/forceful **attempts to prevent** UNAC personnel from discharging their duties is authorized.

Core Rules of Engagement



4.1 **Detention** of individuals or groups who commit a hostile act or demonstrate a hostile intent against oneself, one's unit or UN personnel is authorized.

4.4 **Searching** of detained persons for weapons, ammunition and explosives, is authorized.

5.1 In the absence of police authority, **detention** of any person who commits or threatens to commit a crime, is authorized.

5.3 In the absence of police authority, **detention** and search of suspicious person or persons obstructing or otherwise interfering with the UNAC mission are authorized.

UNAC Military OPORD



UNAC Military OPORD



UNAC Military OPORD

OPORD 01/2021: UNAC OP ORDER

(UN Confidential)

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FWD HQ UNAC

GALASI, CARANA

151030C OCT 2021

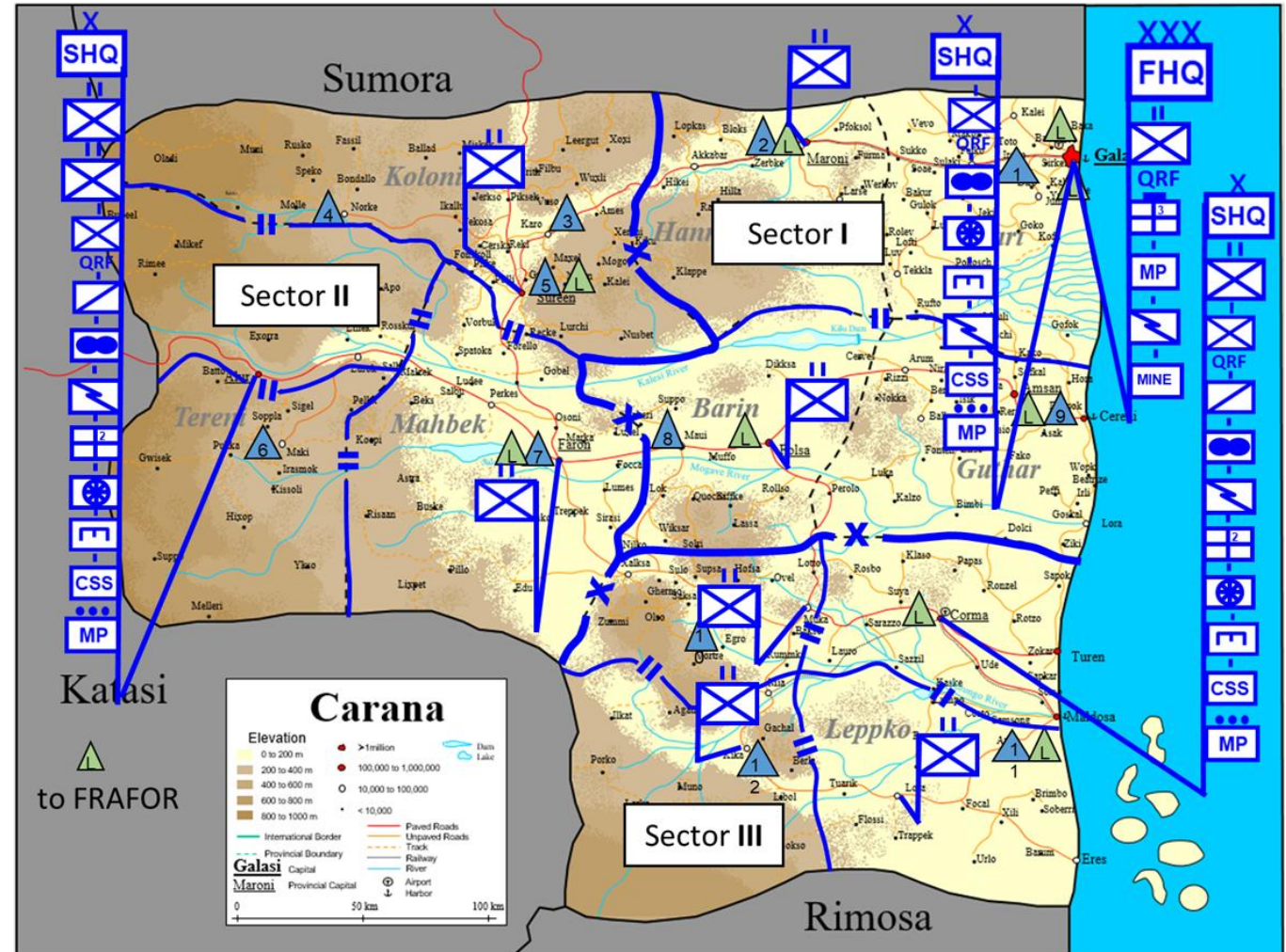
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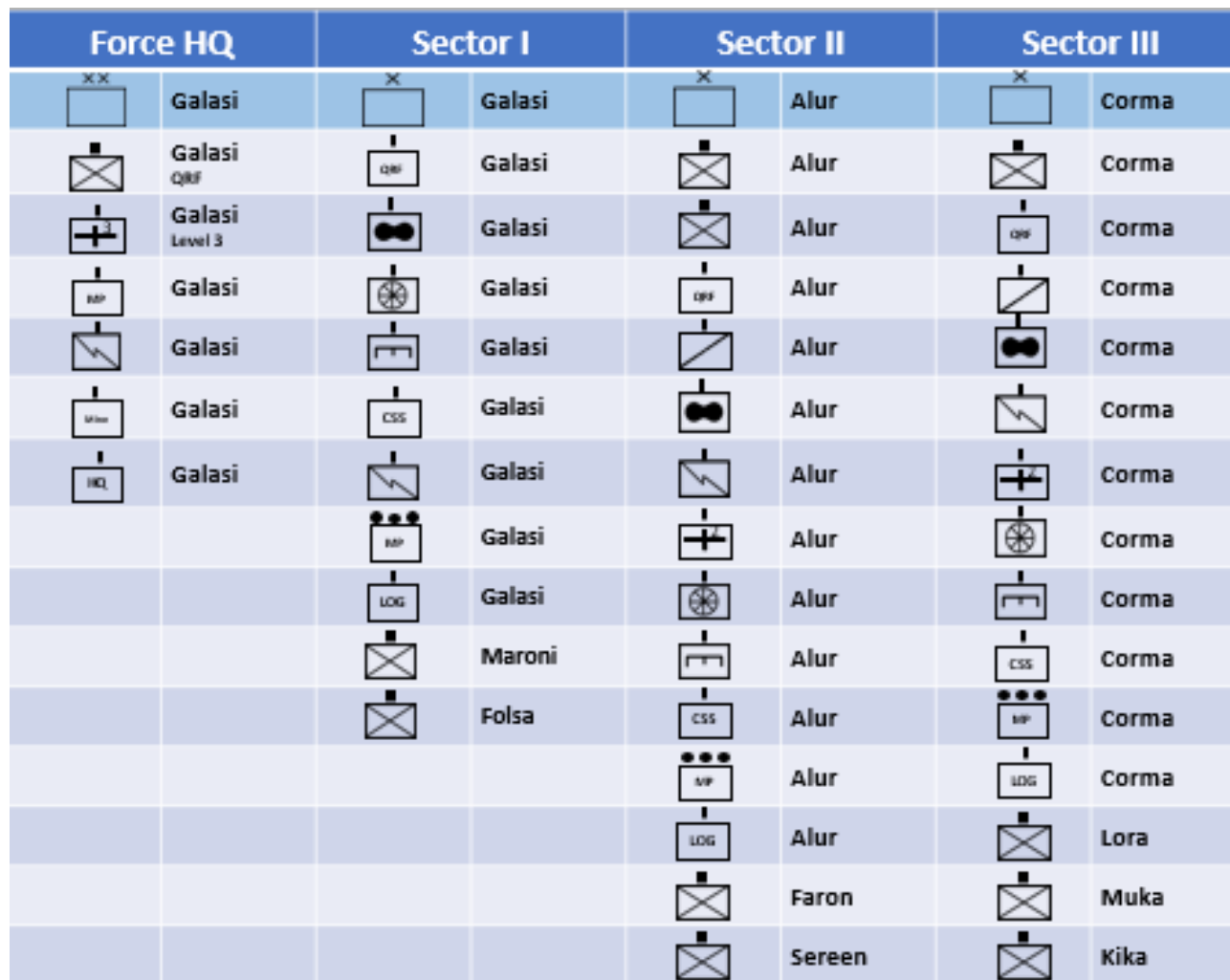
References:

- Kalari Peace Agreement dated 11 August 2021.
- Security Council Resolution 1544 dated 10 September 2021 (S/RES/1544 (2021)).
- Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations on the situation in Carana 4711 (2021). S/2021/4711, dated 27 July 2021.
- Strategic Guidance from USG DPO, dated 02 June 2021.
- UNAC Mission Concept, dated 25 September 2021.
- UNAC Military concept of Operations (CONOPS), dated 25 September 2021
- Strategic Assessment Report, dated 22 February 2021.
- UNAC Rules of Engagement, dated 25 September 2021.

Time Z: CHARLIE

Task Organization: See Annex A

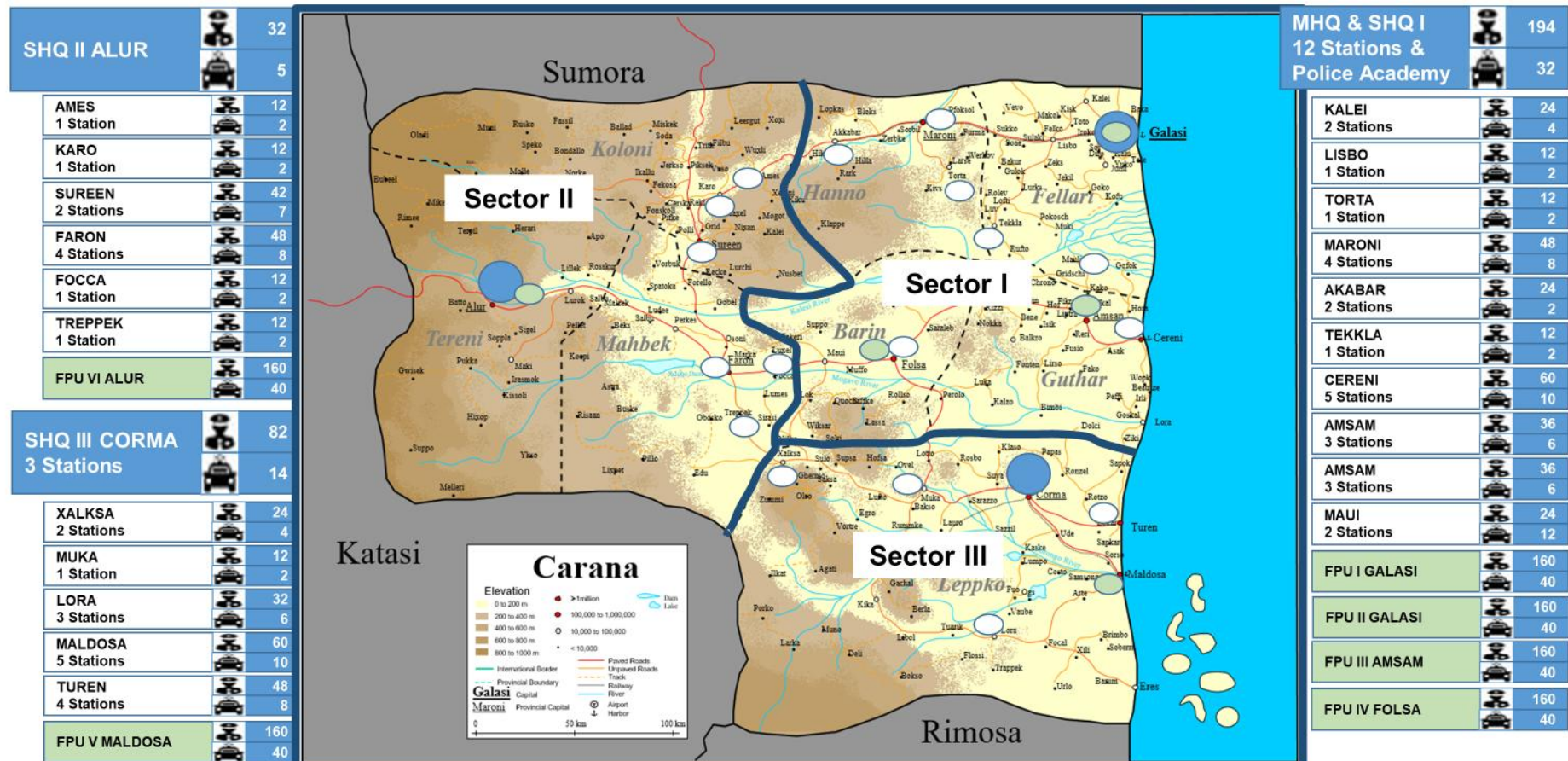




UNAC Police

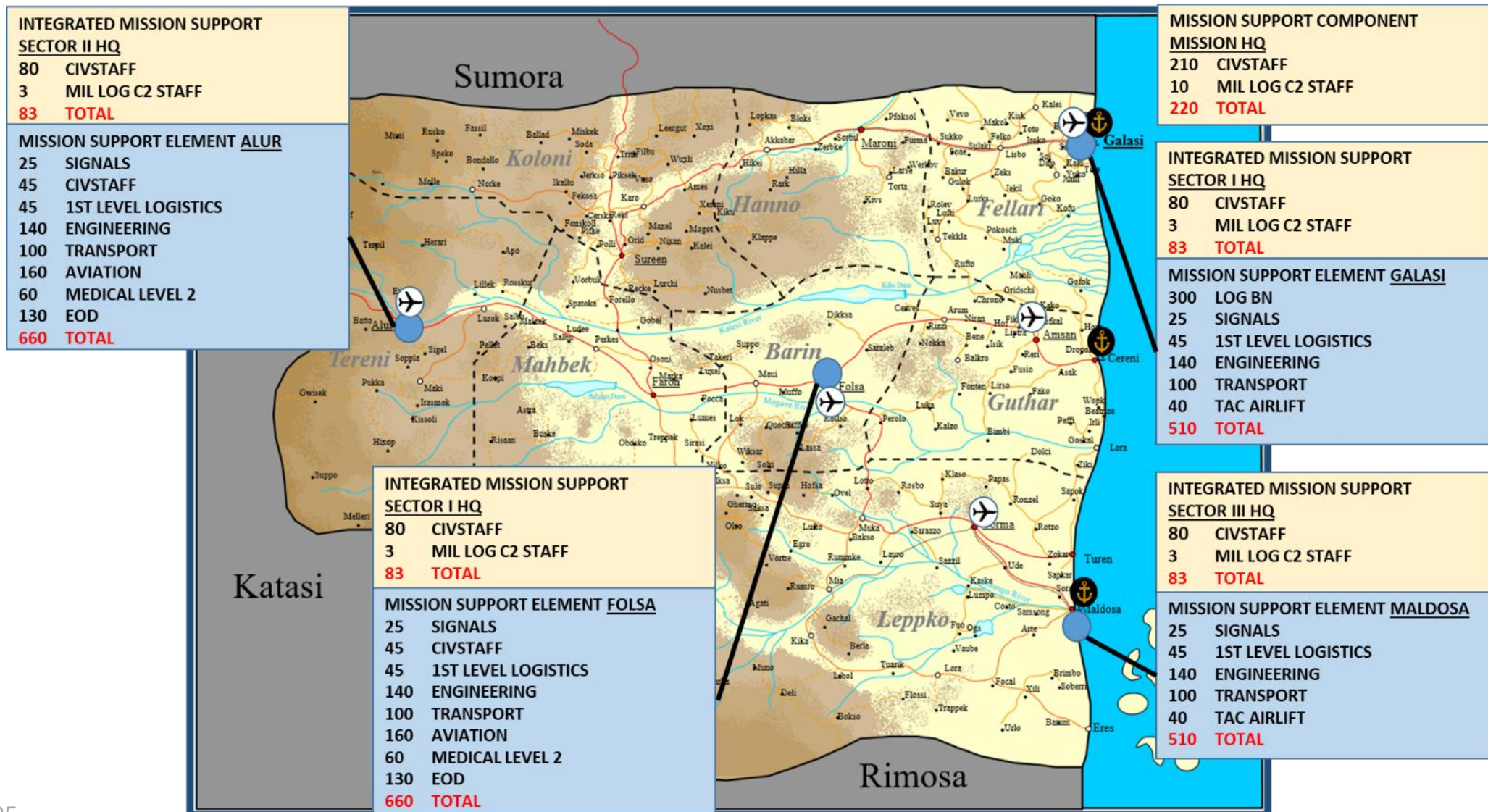


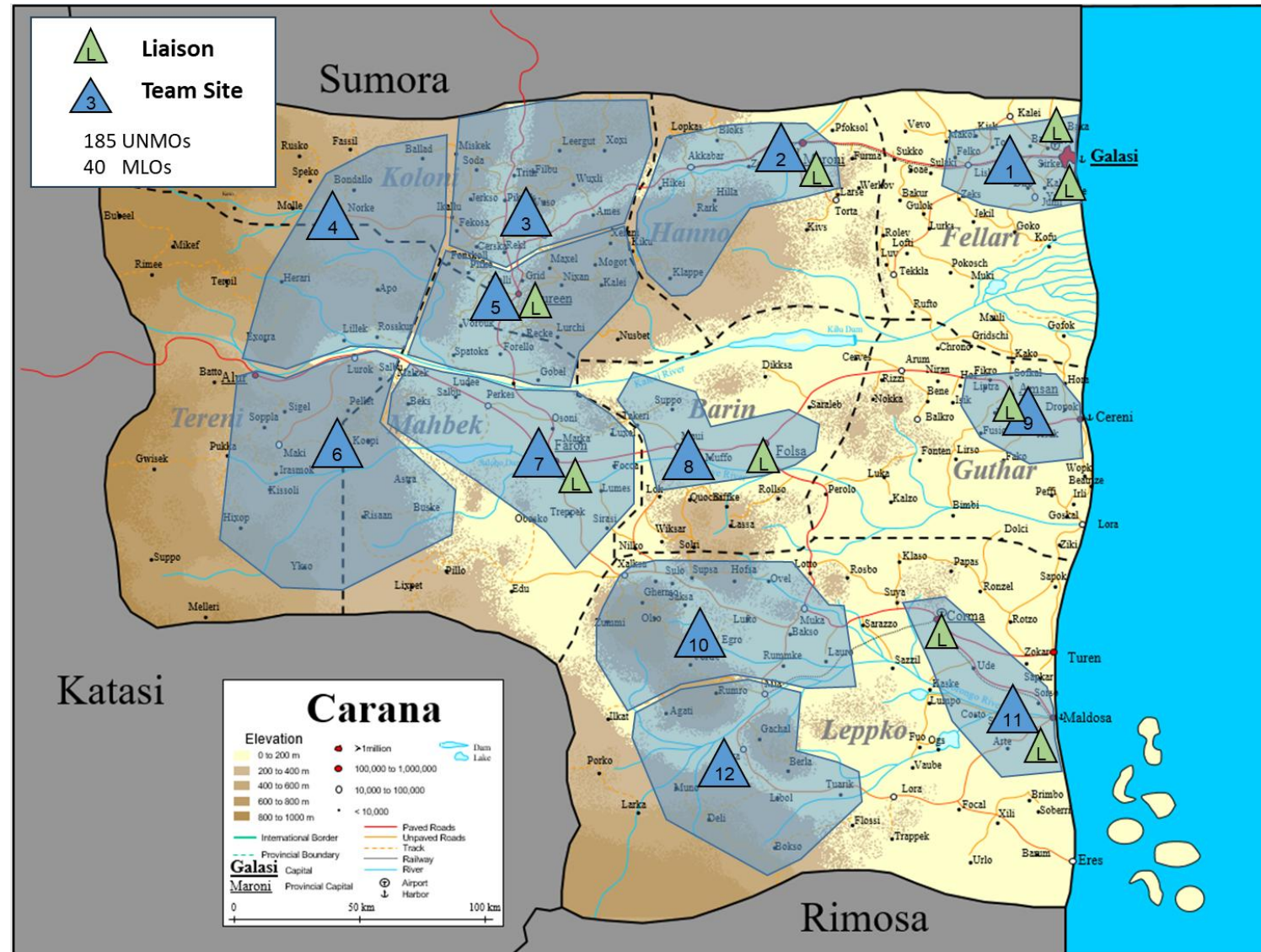
UNPOL - Deployment Map

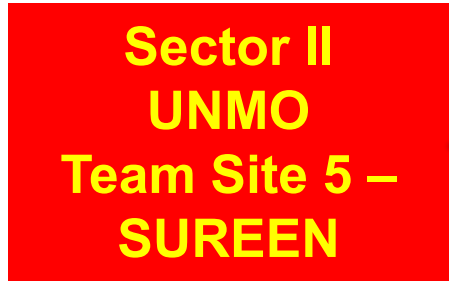




UNAC Mission Support









Sector II - UNMO Team Site-5

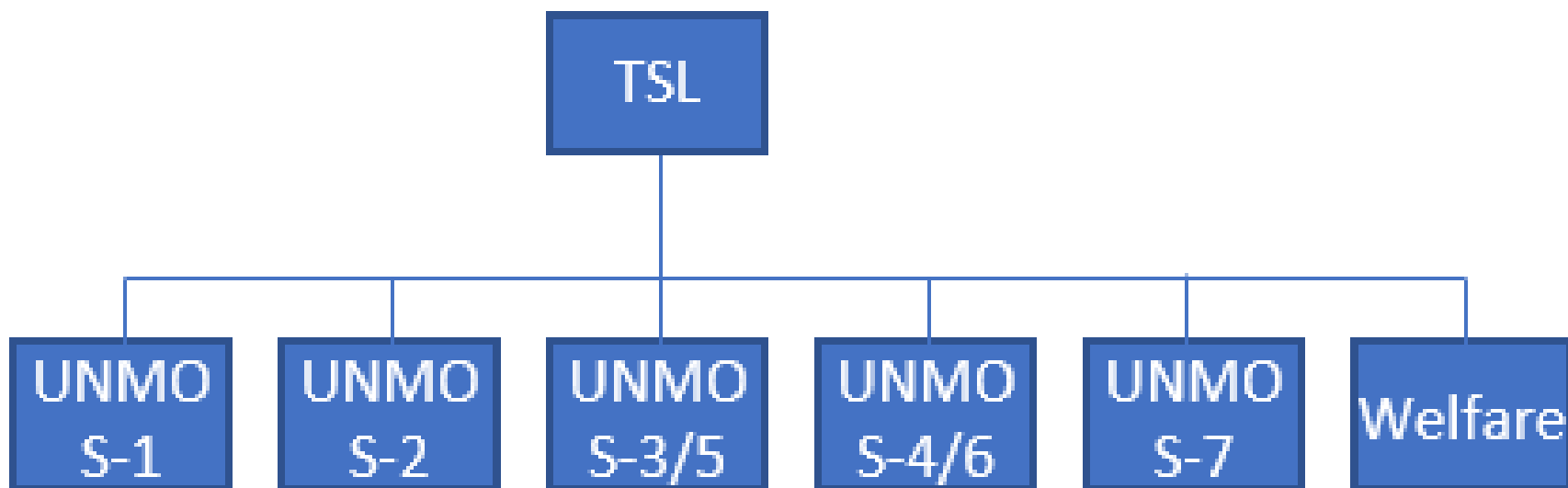
UNMO TS-5 Area of Operations





Sector II - UNMO Team Site-5

Organisational Chart



Personnel:

- Total: 14 UNMO (08 M and 06 F)
- UNMO on leave/CTO: 04 (02 M and 02 F)
- LA: 02 (01 M and 01 F)



Sector II - UNMO Team Site-5

General Information

Logistics:

- **Vehicles: 05 4x4 vehicles (01 in maintenance)**
- Communication and IT Equipment, Accommodation, Office Supplies, Medical Supplies, Power Supply, Navigation Tools, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), Food & Water Supplies: **Fully Operational**

Standard UNMO Patrol Composition:

- 04 UNMO
- 01 LA
- 02 Vehicles
- Force Protection is available upon request and in accordance with SOP



Situation at M+210

The transitional government in Galasi has been established and has commenced its work.

In recent weeks, tensions between CISC fighters and the CDF have intensified.

The UN is increasingly perceived as an extension of the transitional government, leading to restrictions on freedom of movement and escalating attacks by armed groups. So far, one UNAC UNMO and one UNAC interpreter have been killed.

Internally displaced persons (IDPs) continue to move from camps around the coastal cities back to their former communities in central and western Carana. Initial clashes between returnees and the local population have been reported in the Koloni and Mahbek regions.

The Force and Sector HQs have nearly reached Full Operational Capability (FOC).

The Force Commander has expressed concern over the deteriorating security situation in Sectors II and III.

