



UNMAS

NEEDS DRIVEN. PEOPLE CENTRED.

Afghanistan

Mine Action Support Group

15 October 2019

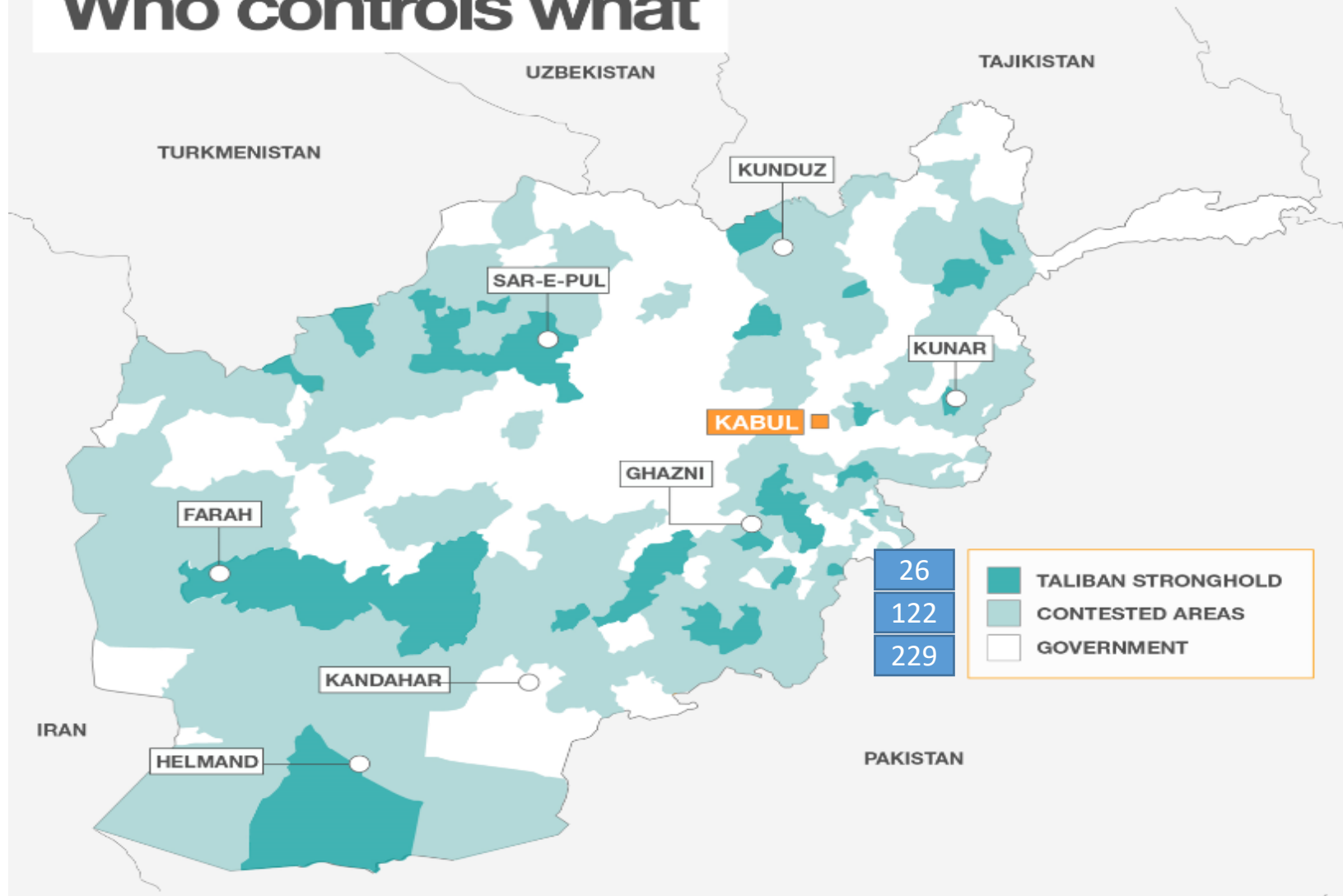
AFGHANISTAN

Who controls what

Source:

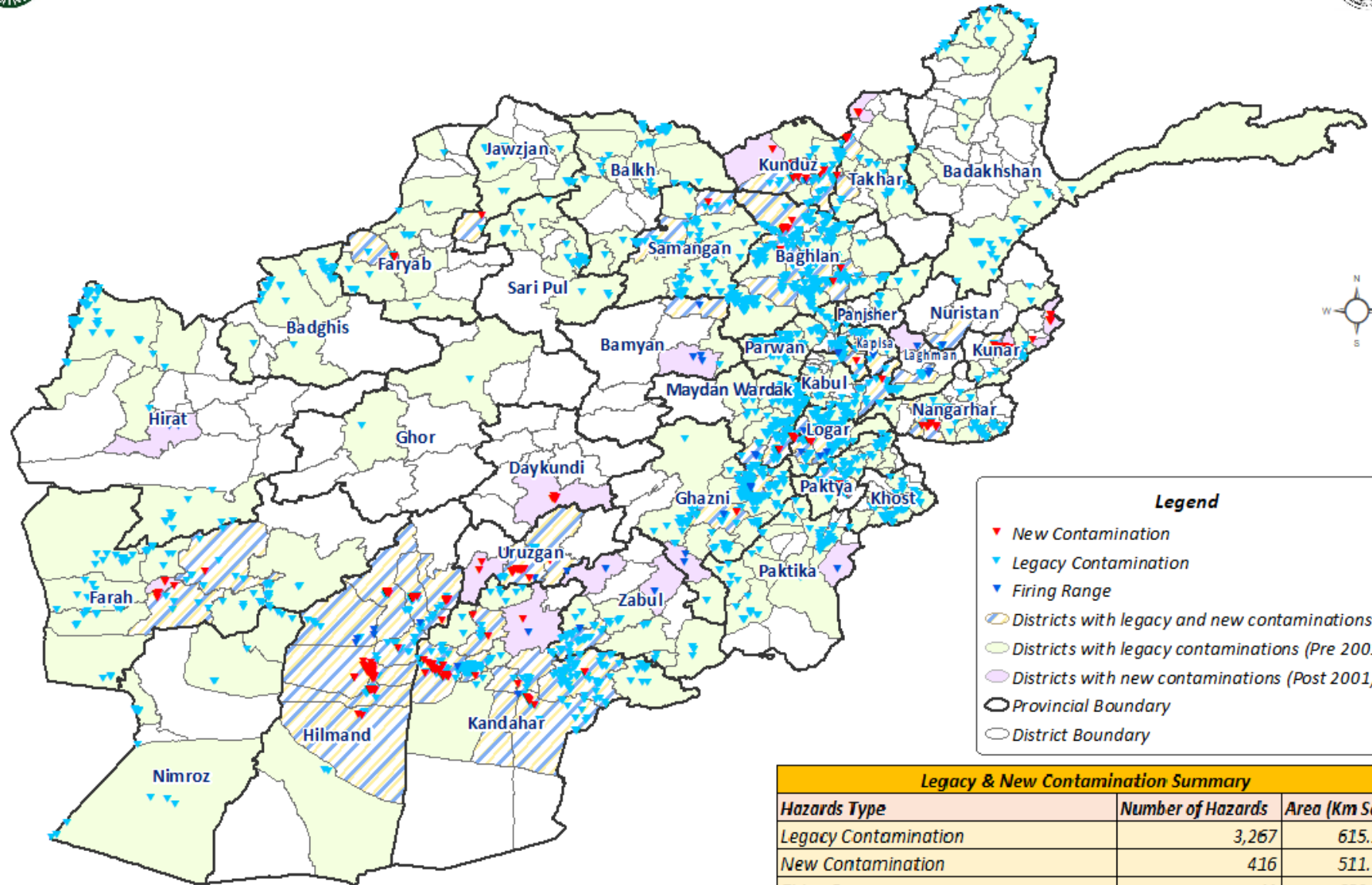
<https://www.aljazeera.com/indepth/interactive/2016/08/afghanistan-controls-160823083528213.html>

Updated October 18, 2018





Legacy and New Mine/ERW Contamination in Afghanistan

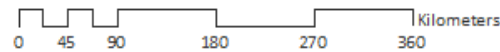


Legend

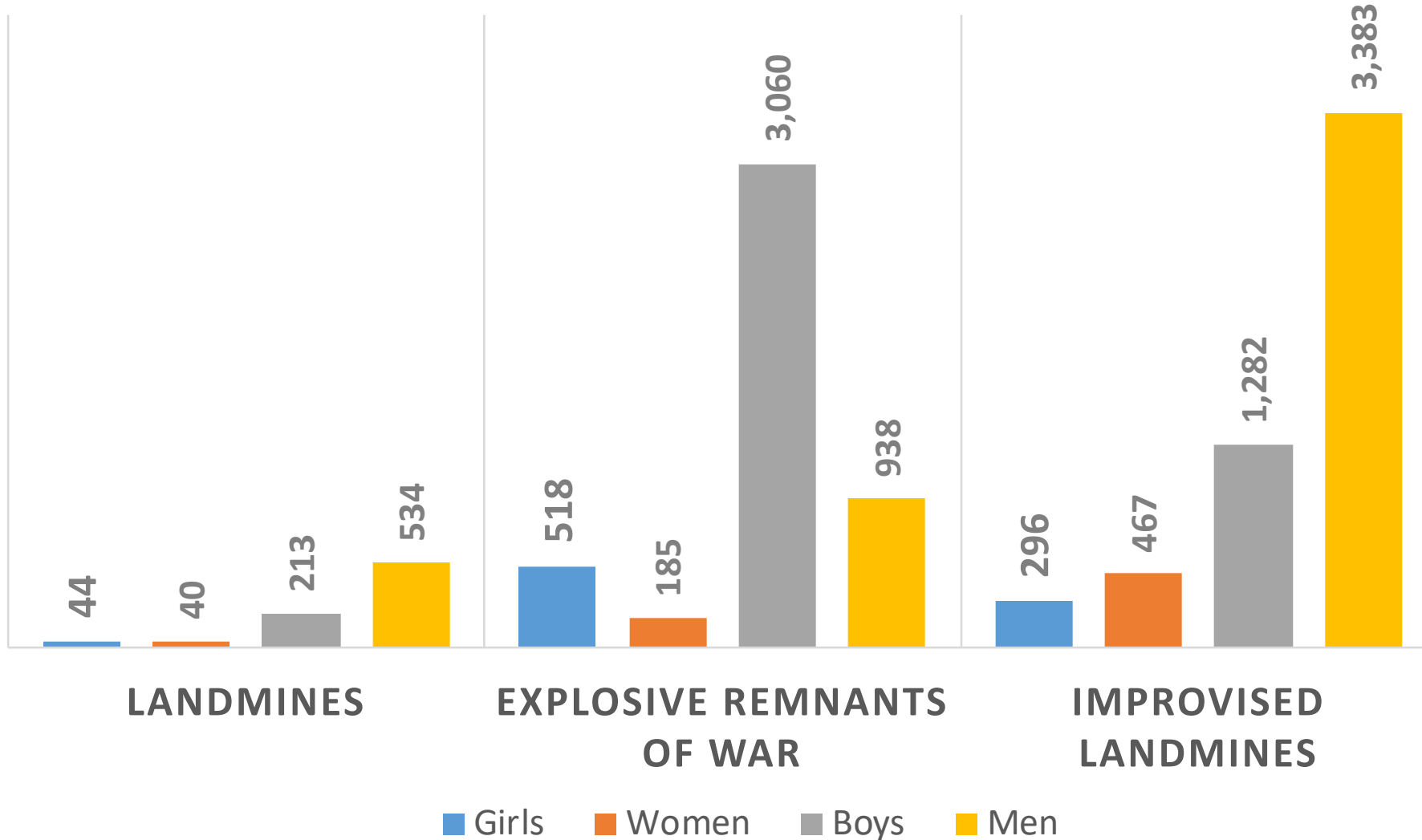
- ▼ New Contamination
- ▲ Legacy Contamination
- ▼ Firing Range
- ▨ Districts with legacy and new contaminations
- Districts with legacy contaminations (Pre 2001)
- Districts with new contaminations (Post 2001)
- Provincial Boundary
- District Boundary

Legacy & New Contamination Summary		
Hazards Type	Number of Hazards	Area (Km Sq)
Legacy Contamination	3,267	615.23
New Contamination	416	511.75
Firing Range	41	630.77
Total	3,724	1,758

Date: 7th May 2019



NUMBER OF CASUALTIES BY DEVICE - 2011-2019

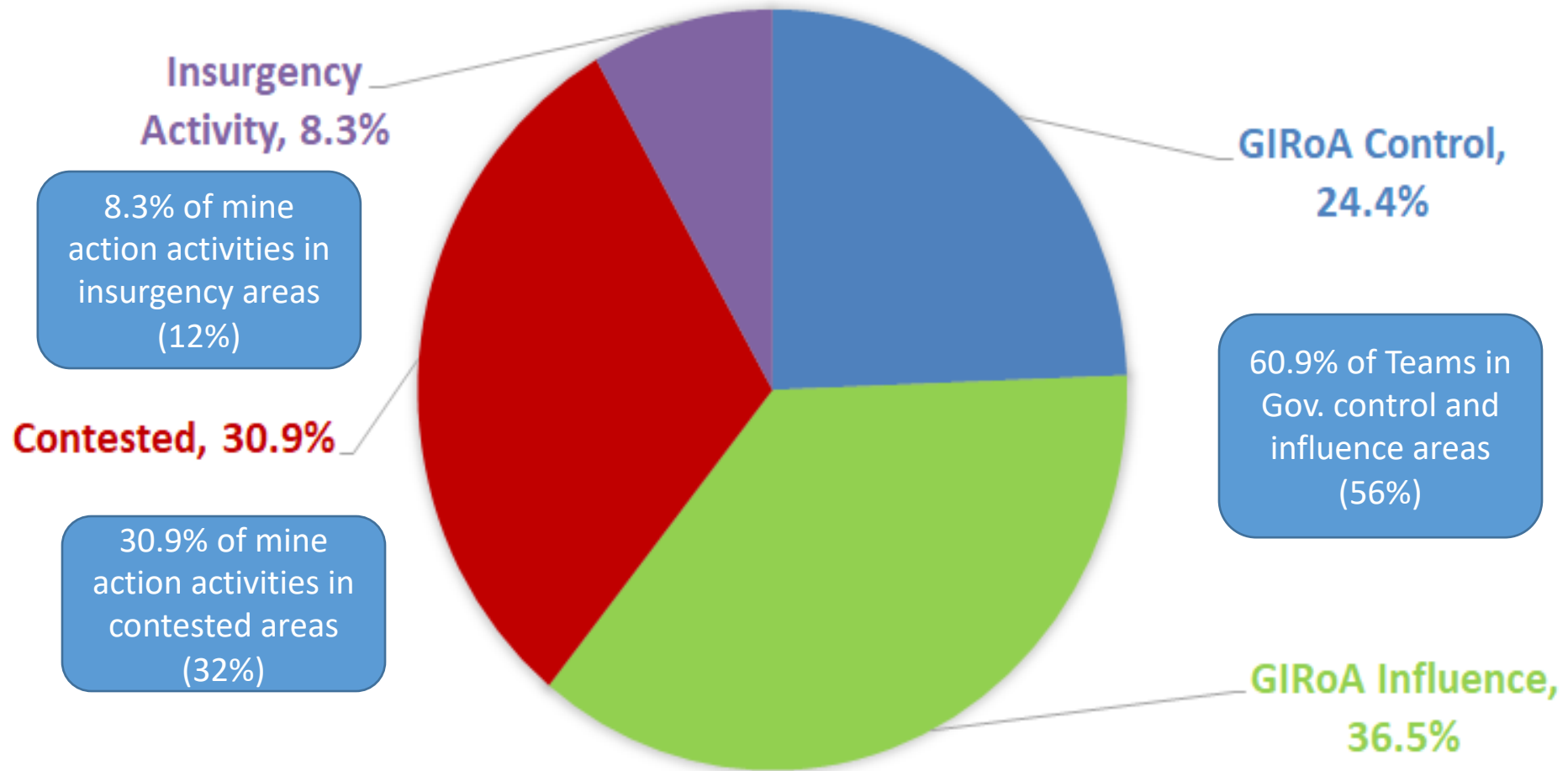


VOIEDs
50%

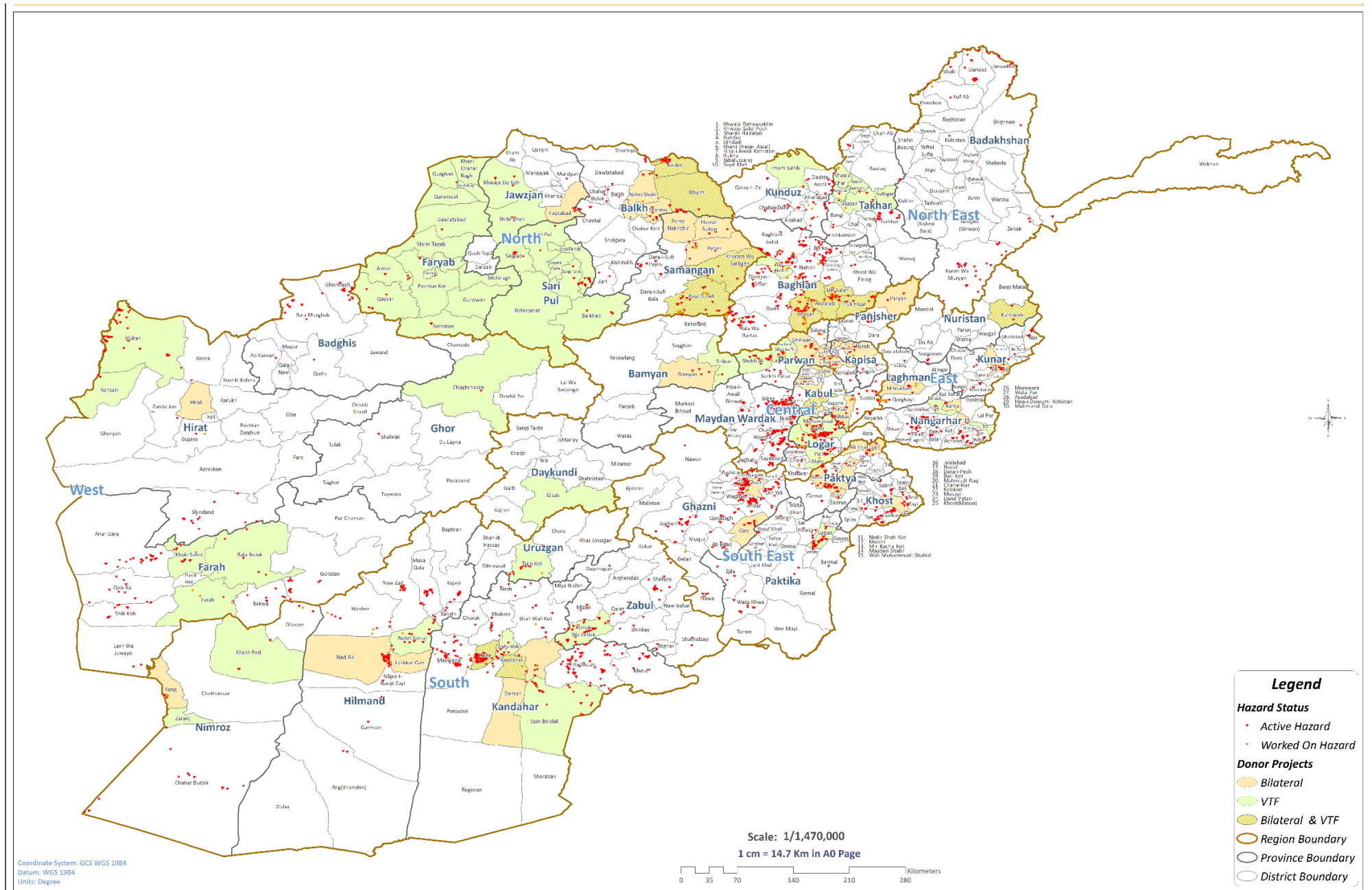
**Explosive
Remnants of
War**
43%

MAPA Teams Presence vs Territorial Control - 31 Oct 2018

Number of all MAPA teams active in Districts influenced/controlling party



UNMAS & BILATERAL MINE ACTION PROJECTS



UNMAS area of work in Afghanistan

Following the transition of mine action coordination to the National Authority in June 2018, UNMAS refocused its support to areas of critical need and added value, these include:

- Enabling access of Mine Action operators to difficult to reach areas
- Enhancing the capacity of the Government (including technical support to the DMAC in the area of VOIEDs)
- Provision of risk education
- Advocacy and technical assistance related to Victim Assistance

QUESTIONS?

