

NATIONS UNIES

OFFICE OF THE UNITED NATIONS SPECIAL CO-ORDINATOR

SOCIO-ECONOMIC REPORT – MAY 2008

Since 1996 UNSCO has continually monitored and reported on socio-economic conditions in the occupied Palestinian territory and in the process established an extensive socio-economic database. UNSCO does not create raw data but rather uses available data which, in the occupied Palestinian territory is relatively abundant. However, the data that is available tends to remain dispersed and is not always automatically shared between institutions. The objective of the database is to bring together in one place a wide variety of data on socio-economic conditions and by doing so present a broader, more detailed perspective on socio-economic conditions. The purpose of this report is to: 1) broaden the access to this database through publication of the most recent data gathered; and 2) provide readers with up to date information on socio-economic conditions in the occupied Palestinian territory.

The report is divided into three sections:

Section 1 consists of a one-page fact sheet which provides a snapshot view of the socioeconomic situation of the current and previous reporting period and for reference purposes provides base line figures for the period just prior to the outbreak of the second *Intifada*.

Section 2 and 3 report on the Macro-economic and the Private sector and banking modules of the UNSCO database. They provide data on the last six reporting periods for each indicator as well as base line data. In addition, some initial analysis on observed trends is given below each table.



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SOCIO-ECONOMIC FACT SHEET - MAY 2008

A. GENERAL				B. FISCAL SITUATION	Baseline	Previous period	Current period
Indicator	200	6		Indicator (US\$ millions)	Q4-1999	Q4-2006	Q4-2007 (budget)
1. GDP (\$US)	4,1	50,600,000		1. Revenue	235	104	332
2. GDP per capita (\$US)	1,00	67.5		2. Expenditure	235	220	457
GDP growth rate		6 %		3. Net lending	0	68	125
4. GNI	4,5	21,500,000		4. Balance	0	-184	-250
				 External Budget support (including TIM) 	0	178	250
Source: World Bank				Source: IMF			
C. MACRO-ECONOMIC	Baseline	Previous period	Current period	D. PRIVATE SECTOR	Baseline	Previous period	Current period
Indicator ¹	Aug-2004	Apr -2008	May-2008	Indicator			
1. Consumer Price Index ² Total		120.46	120.57	1. New Company Registrations	Q2-2000	Q3-2007	Q4-2007
West Bank		121.08	120.45	Total	568	263	241
Gaza Strip		123.05	124.39	West Bank	288	237	223
				Gaza Strip	280	26	18
2. Truck movement ³	Aug-2000	Apr -2008	May-2008	2. Area Licensed for new	Q2-2000	Q3-2007	Q4-2007
Imports	U	•		Construction (dunums)			
Karni	4,373	298	551	Total	739.7	517	399.3
Sufa	4,384	943.5	935	West Bank	665.3	438	386.2
Rafah	953	0	0	Gaza Strip	74.4	79	13.1
Kerem Shalom	0	757	0				
Nahal Oz	904	129	190	3. Banking (US\$ thousands)	Q2-2000	Q3-2007	Q4-2007
Exports				Loans	1,234	1,829	1,758
Karni	2,460	0	0	Deposits	3,328	5,420	5,702
Kerem Shalom	0	0	0	Loans/Deposits Ratio	37.1 %	33.75%	30.84%
Source: PCBS (1), Ministry of	of National Ec	onomy		Source: Ministry of National Ecor Consulting Firms (2), Palestine M	nomy (1), Engi Ionetary Autho	neering Office ority (3)	es and
E. LABOUR FLOWS	Baseline	Previous period	Current period	F. CLOSURE	Baseline	Previous period	Current period
Indicator	Q2-2000	Q2-2007	Q3-2007	Indicator	Aug-2000	Apr -2008	May -2008
1. Labour Force size				1. Effective closure days⁵			
Total	706,174	926,300	937,200				
West Bank	483,796	634,600	636,600	Karni (goods)	0 %	100%	100%
Gaza Strip	222,378	291,700	300,600	Erez (workers)	0 %	100%	100%
				Sufa (aggregates)	0 %	100%	100%
2. Unemployment	8.8 %	19.2%	23.2%	Rafah (passenger)	0 %	100%	100%
				Rafah (commercial)	0 %	100%	100%
3. Adjusted	18.5 %	25.8 %	29.1%	Nahal Oz (fuel)	0 %	76 %	56 %
Unemployment ⁴				Kerem Shalom	0 %	36 %	100 %
Source: PCBS				Source: UNSCO			

¹ For a more detailed report on sections C (Macro-economy) and D (Private sector), see data below.

³ MoNE data does not include aggregates or aid flows.

 $^{^{2}}$ CPI Base year 2004 = 100

⁴ Adjusted unemployment is calculated by adding discouraged workers (i.e. unemployed but no longer seeking work) to the ILO

standard. ⁵ Effective closure days are calculated by adding all days when a crossing was fully or partially closed excluding weekend and holidays.



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MACRO-ECONOMIC UPDATE - MAY 2008

- Exchange rate
- Consumer Index by region and expenditure group
- **Truck Movement**
- Palestinian Imports and Exports
- Volume of registered fuel sales
- Palestinian Trade with Israel

For further information please contact:

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Indicator	Baseline Aug-00	Dec-07	Jan-08	Feb-08	Mar-08	Apr-08	May-08
Exchange Rate							
Exchange Rate	4.05	3.88	3.78	3.59	3.56	3.53	3.39
Source: PCBS							

The exchange rate between the US dollar and the NIS has continued its decrease in May, 2008. The declining dollar could benefit the Palestinian economy, as it could make imports cheaper.

Indicator	Baseline Aug-00	Dec-07	Jan-08	Feb-08	Mar-08	Apr-08	May-08			
Volume of Registered Fuel sales in the Gaza Strip (x 1000 liters/ton)										
volume of registered fuel sale	s in the Gaza Strip									
volume of registered fuel sale Benzene 95 (Liter)	s in the Gaza Strip 878.3	1,232.2	650.0	283.5	343.0	135.0	203.5			
		1,232.2 0.0	650.0 0.0	283.5 0.0	343.0 0.0	135.0 0.0	203.5 0.0			
Benzene 95 (Liter) Benzene 96 (Liter)	878.3	, -								
Benzene 95 (Liter)	878.3 2,310.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			

Registered fuel sales in the Gaza Strip increased in May, when compared to those in April 2008 which saw the highest number of closure days in 2008.

Indicator	Baseline Aug-04	Dec-07	Jan-08	Feb-08	Mar-08	Apr-08	May-08
Palestinian Consumer Price In	dex (by re	egion and	expendi	ture grou	p)		
Major Groups of Expenditure (Occupi	od Balastini	an Tarritany	ovoludin				
	eu Falestilla	-			-	1	
Food and soft drinks		121.80	124.67	126.73	131.81	135.30	134.13
Alcoholic Beverages and tobacco Textiles, clothing and footwear		121.77 99.12	121.88 98.44	121.83 99.95	121.97 97.94	122.24 99.95	121.64 100.79
Housing		117.94	119.29	120.01	120.35	121.23	122.03
Furniture, household goods		101.55	100.80	102.58	101.58	101.79	103.46
Medical care		113.32	112.71	113.05	114.18	114.10	114.13
Transportation		116.28	117.49	117.53	118.22	120.03	121.20
Communications		111.18	111.17	110.61	110.73	110.81	111.17
Recreational, cultural goods & services		98.11	98.17	98.13	97.71	97.48	99.06
Education		99.08	98.43	98.43	99.16	99.16	99.25
Restaurants and cafes		118.92	120.37	120.78	122.50	123.63	127.22
Miscellaneous goods and services All items of consumer price index		108.49 114.48	109.66 115.78	108.15 116.77	108.17 118.69	108.31 120.46	109.11 120.57
All terms of consumer price index		114.40	115.70	110.//	110.09	120.40	120.57
Major Groups of Expenditure (Jerusa	lem)						
Food and soft drinks		117.92	121.54	122.73	124.93	129.06	128.57
Alcoholic Beverages and tobacco		108.45	109.02	109.02	108.73	109.24	107.84
Textiles, clothing and footwear		100.47	102.50	100.62	96.75	99.55	100.45
Housing		116.66	116.71	117.38	118.05	118.10	118.45
Furniture, household goods		95.37	96.08	98.47	94.41	94.69	96.39
Medical care		114.81	114.30	113.49 122.07	116.70	116.74	119.34
Transportation Communications		121.89 107.07	122.08 106.86	122.07	121.94 106.72	122.67 107.07	123.67 107.40
Recreational, cultural goods & services		99.23	99.41	99.19	98.28	98.19	99.60
Education		105.63	104.94	104.94	104.94	104.94	104.94
Restaurants and cafes		137.44	135.70	136.24	137.84	137.00	141.33
Miscellaneous goods and services		106.06	107.09	107.39	106.80	106.31	107.15
All items of consumer price index		113.01	114.42	114.91	115.24	116.89	117.33
Major Groups of Expenditure (Rest of	f the West B	ank)					
Food and soft drinks		122.76	126.69	128.24	131.64	134.90	132.82
Alcoholic Beverages and tobacco		115.41	115.31	115.16	114.97	115.17	115.38
Textiles, clothing and footwear		99.58	94.64	100.38	98.90	100.29	100.79
Housing		125.66	128.72	129.74	129.62	131.64	131.64
Furniture, household goods Medical care		105.05 108.24	101.51 108.77	103.69 108.94	104.62 110.53	104.50 109.92	104.05 108.90
Transportation		113.95	116.92	116.97	116.40	118.72	119.25
Communications		111.20	111.31	109.52	109.82	109.76	110.29
Recreational, cultural goods & services		93.63	92.30	92.86	92.95	92.77	94.29
Education		90.84	89.01	89.01	90.41	90.41	90.59
Restaurants and cafes		111.98	113.54	114.38	117.49	121.00	124.40
Miscellaneous goods and services		110.38	110.75	110.23	111.90	112.24	112.47
All items of consumer price index		115.01	116.55	117.75	119.23	121.08	120.45
Major Groups of Expenditure (Gaza S	itrip)	· '				I	
Food and soft drinks		123.89	125.28	129.19	136.95	141.72	142.68
Alcoholic Beverages and tobacco		137.70	137.70	137.46	142.92	142.92	142.11
Textiles, clothing and footwear Housing		97.02 110.99	97.58 112.38	97.86 111.63	98.75 111.47	98.35 111.92	100.92 114.80
Furniture, household goods		108.39	109.15	110.01	110.26	111.92	114.80
Medical care		107.83	105.15	108.15	106.47	106.41	104.89
Transportation		116.40	115.05	115.74	119.98	120.57	123.38
Communications		110.80	110.80	111.02	110.84	110.84	111.63
Recreational, cultural goods & services		96.13	97.21	96.98	97.41	96.83	96.54
Education		98.82	101.71	101.71	101.71	101.71	101.16
Restaurants and cafes		117.80	125.32	122.04	122.04	123.45	125.63
Miscellaneous goods and services		107.65	109.15	106.26	107.50	108.91	110.19
All items of consumer price index		114.86	115.87	117.27	120.99	123.05	124.39

The Palestinian CPI remained steady in the month of May 2008. However, it has slightly decreased in the West Bank, by .52%, mainly due to the decrease in prices of food and soft drinks (by 1.54%). In the Gaza Strip, the CPI increased by 1.07%.

Indicator	Baseline Aug-00	Dec-07	Jan-08	Feb-08	Mar-08	Apr-08	May-08
Truck Movement							
Karni commercial crossing							
Total Truck Loads Exports	992	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Truck Loads Imports	2,923	478	401	572	1,035	298	551
Kerem Shalom commercial crossing Total Truck Loads Exports	0	78	0	0	0	0	0
Total Truck Loads Imports	0	1,065	575	0	897	757	0
Sufa commercial crossing							
Total Truck Loads Exports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Truck Loads Imports	4,384	391	317	808	875	943.5	935
Nahel Oz commercial crossing (fuel)							
Total Truck Loads Imports	904	364	395	346	365	129	190
Source: Baseline: Ministry of National E	conomy; Palt	rade , Gene	ral Petroleu	m Corporatio	on and Minis	try of Financ	e

Truck movement to Gaza has been restricted to the import of humanitarian supplies since 12 June 2007. Exports were suspended at the same time with only approximately 78 truckloads of strawberries and flowers grown with the support of the Netherlands exported in December 2007. Compared with April, May data indicates a decrease in the total of imported truckloads to the Gaza Strip, by approximately 21.24%.

Indicator	Baseline Q2-00	Q2-2006	Q3-2006	Q4-2006	Q1-2007	Q2-2007	Q3-2007
Palestinian Trade w	vith Israel (in million	US \$)					
Trade in goods							
	05	00	05	70	00	99	07
Exports	85	62	65	76	99		97
Imports	418	511	475	514	545	501	487
Balance	-333	-449	-410	-438	-446	-402	-390
Trade in Services							
Exports	45	29	30	32	41	28	35
Imports	91	65	59	72	88	85	64
Balance	-46	-36	-28	-40	-47	-57	-29
Total							
Exports	130	91	95	108	140	127	132
Imports	509	576	534	586	633	586	551
	-379	-485	-438	-478	-493	-459	-419

Source: Israeli Central Bureau of statistics

The negative consequences of the closure of the Gaza crossings for Israeli continued. The IsraeloPt trade balance - which had reached almost half a billion per quarter in the early part of 2007– has dropped by 15 percent since the first quarter of 2007 - primarily as a result of declining imports from Israel into the oPt. A second notable finding is that despite the suspension of exports from Gaza, total oPt exports to Israel remained at the same level as during previous quarters indicating an increase in exports from the West Bank.



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PRIVATE SECTOR AND BANKING UPDATE – MAY 2008

- Number of Company Registrations by region and legal status
- Area licensed for Construction
- Bank Credit
- Value of loans and deposits

For further information please contact:

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Indicator	Baseline Q2-2000	Dec-07	Jan-08	Feb-08	Mar-08	Apr-08	May-08
Number of new Comp	any Registrations	(by regi	on and leg	jal status)		
Gaza Strip							
Private	162	0	0	0	0	0	0
Private Limited	46	0	0	0	0	0	0
Public Limited	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Foreign	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	212	0	0	0	0	0	0
West Bank							
Private	66	28	25	40	44	47	41
Private Limited	163	39	46	57	64	65	73
Public Limited	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
Foreign	0	0	0	1	1	1	3
Total	229	67	72	99	109	113	117

The number of new company registrations is used as a proxy indicator for the vitality of the local economy as well as the ability of the local economy to create new employment. New company registrations in the West Bank slightly increased in May 2008, by approximately 3.41%. However, if compared to pre-Intifada levels new company registrations has dropped by approximately 48.9%. In Gaza, new company registrations have been at an all-time low of zero since November 2007.

Indicator	Baseline Aug-00	Dec-07	Jan-08	Feb-08	Mar-08	Apr-08	May-08
Area licensed for new	construction (Ga	za Strip, o	dunums)				
Northern District	27,902	1,310	840	1,930	750	1,460	1,600
Gaza	50,116	13,440	1,600	5,370	1,720	2,150	710
				1			500
Al Wastah	15,984	150	810	1,500	850	740	520
Al Wastah Khan Younis	15,984 51,146	150 690	810 870	1,500 1,100	850 1,350	740 950	520 610
	- /			,			

Indicator	Baseline Aug-00	Dec-07	Jan-08	Feb-08	Mar-08	Apr-08	May-08		
Area licensed for new construction (West Bank, dunums)									
Ramallah & Al- Bireh & Jerusalem		173,799	37,023	38,439	65,993	50,344	46,821		
Nablus		88,333	10,557	28,915	31,256	32,596	38,686		
Tulkarm		46,136	3,112	13,540	16,691	29,636	30,911		
Hebron		73,892	1,525	23,061	15,217	32,696	35,410		
Bethlehem		36,624	1,046	8,822	11,623	9,786	15,278		
Jenin		38,355	4,153	14,246	9,692	10,195	12,643		
Qalqilya		57,043	398	5,375	10,883	6,972	4,261		
Salfit		0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total	345.685	514.182	57.814	132.398	161.355	172,225	184,010		

Similar to new company registrations, the area licensed for new construction is also used as a proxy indicator for economic vitality. If compared with April, areas licensed for new construction for the West Bank increased in April by 6.4%. However, if compared with pre-Intifada levels, areas licensed for new constructions have dropped by approximately 46.7%. As for the Gaza Strip, areas licensed for new construction have decreased by 36.2% in May, if compared with April.

Indicator	Baseline Q2-00	Q3-06	Q4-06	Q1-2007	Q2-2007	Q3-2007	Q4-2007
Area licensed for new co	nstruction (by	region ar	nd by type	e, x 1000 r	n²)		
Non-residential							
West Bank	122.0	113.1	59.5	95.2	107.0	94.7	46.3
Gaza Strip	5.5	2.0	2.9	12.2	3.0	64.9	0.5
Total Palestinian territory	127.5	115.1	62.4	107.4	110.0	159.6	46.8
Residential							
West Bank	543.3	356.6	286.1	269.4	330.4	343.3	339.9
	68.9	40.0	16.4	27.9	17.7	14.1	12.6
Gaza Strip	00.9	40.0					

If disaggregated by type, and if compared with Q3-2007, it appears that in Q4-2007 non-residential construction decreased in the oPt by 70.6%, while residential construction slightly decreased by 1.41%.

Indicator	Baseline Jun-00	Sep-06	Dec-06	Mar-07	Jun -07	Sep -07	Dec -07
Bank Credit							
Bank Credit by economic activity (x n	illion US\$)						
Agriculture	20	16	15	18	19	20	19
Manufacturing & Mining	123	111	117	113	111	126	119
Construction	145	213	209	218	226	241	225
General Trade	349	355	365	365	379	396	370
Internal Trade	235	234	233	240	254	266	247
External Trade	114	121	132	125	125	130	123
Exports	8	18	20	20	20	25	19
Imports	106	104	112	105	105	105	104
Transportation	45	69	46	54	54	94	94
Tourism, Hotels & Restaurants	33	24	24	26	26	26	26
Public Services	52	162	164	167	166	168	163
Financial Services	28	102	104	111	109	99	131
Purchase of Securities	10	3	3	3	2	9	2
Miscellaneous	429	835	856	842	809	651	609
GRAND TOTAL	1,234	1,891	1,903	1,916	1,902	1,829	1,758
TOTAL excluding miscellaneous and	, -	,	,	,	,	,	,
public services	752	893	883	907	927	1,010	987
Bank Credit by economic activity (as	percentage	of total)					
Agriculture	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Manufacturing & Mining	10%	6%	6%	6%	6%	7%	7%
Construction	12%	11%	11%	11%	12%	13%	13%
General Trade	28%	19%	19%	19%	20%	22%	21%
Transportation	4%	4%	2%	3%	3%	5%	5%
Tourism, Hotels & Restaurants	3%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Public Services	4%	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%
Financial Services	2%	5%	5%	6%	6%	5%	7%
Purchase of Securities	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Miscellaneous	35%	44%	45%	44%	43%	36%	35%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Bank Credit by economic activity exc	luding misc	ellaneous a	nd public s	ervices(as p	ercentage o	of total)	
Agriculture	3%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Manufacturing and Mining	16%	13%	12%	12%	12%	12%	12%
Construction	19%	24%	24%	24%	24%	24%	23%
General Trade	46%	41%	40%	40%	41%	39%	38%
Internal Trade	31%	26%	26%	26%	27%	26%	25%
External Trade	15%	15%	14%	14%	14%	13%	12%
Exports	1%	2%	2%	2%	2%	3%	2%
Imports	14%	13%	12%	12%	11%	10%	11%
Transportation	6%	5%	6%	6%	6%	9%	10%
Tourism, Hotels & Restaurants	4%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Financial Services	4%	12%	12%	12%	12%	10%	13%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Source: PMA							

Data on bank credit is used as a proxy indicator for perceptions of economic progress (increasing use of bank credit, particularly in the main productive sectors) or decline (decreasing use of bank credit). The Palestine Monetary Authority provides adjusted monthly data once every three months. The last six months of 2007 show a distinct decline in the use of bank credit, a trend that is particularly evident during Q4-2007 in the main productive sectors (manufacturing, construction, general trade). In contrast, the use of bank credit increased by over 32 percent in the financial services sector, most likely as a preventative effort by banks to stave off potential implications of severed relations with Israeli banks. Bank credit to the public sector has more than tripled if compared with the pre-*Intifada* period.

Indicator	Baseline Jun-00	Sep-06	Dec-06	Mar-07	Jun -07	Sep -07	Dec -07
Bank Credit							
Bank Credit by type (x million	US\$)						
Loans	512	1,201	1,191	1,198	1,207	1,148	1,094
Overdrafts	653	680	702	705	681	667	649
Leasing	0	11	10	11	11	11	11
BA & Discounted Bills	69	0.07	0.01	2	3.56	4	5
Total	1,234	1,891	1,903	1,916	1,902	1,829	1,758
Bank Credit by type (as perce	ntage of total)						
Loans	41%	63%	63%	63%	63%	63%	62%
Overdrafts	53%	36%	37%	37%	36%	36%	37%
Leasing	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
BA & Discounted Bills	6%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Disaggregating bank credit by the type of credit, confirms the relative stability of the banking sector. The ability of the PA to resume regular salary payments will have had some impact in the decrease of loans.

Indicator	Baseline Jun-00	Sep-06	Dec-06	Mar-07	Jun -07	Sep -07	Dec -07
Bank Credit							
Bank Credit by borrowing e	ntity (x million US\$)						
Businesses	752	893	883	907	927	1,010	987
Consumers	429	835	856	842	809	651	609
Public Agencies	52	162	164	167	166	168	163
Total	1,234	1,891	1,903	1,916	1,902	1,829	1,758
Bank Credit by borrowing e	ntity (as percentage o	f total)					
Businesses	61%	47%	46%	47%	49%	55%	56%
Consumers	35%	44%	45%	44%	43%	36%	35%
Public Agencies	4%	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Disaggregating bank credit by the borrowing entity shows that consumer lending declined significantly in the third quarter of 2007 and continued to drop in the fourth quarter. The most likely reason for this development is the continued risk-adverse stance of Palestinian banks combined with the recommencement of regular payment of PA salaries which has allowed a number of PA staff to pay off existing loans reducing the demand for credit.

Indicator	Baseline Aug-00	Jan-07	Feb-07	Mar-07	Jun -07	Sep -07	Dec -07
Bank Deposits (excluding dep	oosits of tl	ne PMA a	nd comm	ercial bar	nks)		
		• •					
Distribution of Public sector deposits	s by deposite	or and type	(x million U	S\$)			
Public Institutions and Local Auth.							
Current Accounts	23.9	63.1	65.0	63.5	61.8	75.9	71.0
Time Deposits	49.7	44.2	47.9	48.8	56.5	70.4	73.0
Sub-total	73.6	107.3	112.9	112.3	118.3	146.3	144.0
Government							
Current Accounts	39.8	154.9	121.7	113.2	255.9	168.9	177.7
Time Deposits	74.8	177.9	173.8	187.1	86.1	175.2	183.3
Sub-total	114.6	332.8	295.6	300.3	342.0	344.1	361.0
Total Public sector deposits	188.2	440.1	408.5	412.6	460.3	490.4	505.0
Distribution of Private sector deposit	s by residen	cy and type	e (x million l	JS\$)			
Residents							
Current Accounts	865.3	1,238.7	1,255.4	1,244.7	1,283.8	1,459.9	1,502.7
Savings Accounts	454.3	918.3	932.3	943.2	966.1	1,020.1	1,126.9
Time Deposits	2,084.3	1,636.0	1,678.7	1,712.1	1,703.1	1,780.7	1,848.3
Sub-total	3,403.9	3,793.0	3,866.5	3,900.0	3,953.0	4,260.8	4,477.9
Non-Residents							
Current Accounts	9.5	29.6	29.8	27.4	30.0	36.6	39.5
Savings Accounts	3.6	12.7	12.9	13.0	14.0	13.9	15.5
Time Deposits	22.8	48.1	48.6	49.4	50.9	52.8	62.0
Sub-total	35.9	90.4	91.3	89.8	94.9	103.3	117.0
Total Private sector deposits	3,439.8	3,883.4	3,957.8	3,989.8	4,047.9	4,364.1	4,594.9
Total Deposits (public and private)	3,628.0	4,323.5	4,366.2	4,402.4	4,508.2	4,854.4	5,099.9
0							-
Source: PMA							

Bank deposit data for the fourth quarter in 2007 indicates a continued sizeable increase in private sector deposits (both in terms of public and private sector bank deposits). Compared with January 2007, bank deposits in December 2007 showed an increase of 18.3 percent.

Indicator	Baseline Jun-00	Sep-06	Dec-06	Mar-07	Jun -07	Sep -07	Dec -07
Value of Loans and Depo	osits (x million	US\$)					
Total Loans	1,234	1.891	1,903	1.916	1.902	1,829	1.758
Total Deposits	3,328	4,514	4,657	4,876.6	4,997	5,420	5,702
Loans/Deposits (ratio)	37.06%	41.89%	40.87%	39.29%	38.06%	33.75%	30.84%

In an efficient economy, an increase in the loans versus deposits ratio is a positive sign as monies are not saved but invested or consumed, stimulating the economy. Between September 2006, and the end of December 2007, this ratio steadily declined by over 26 percent in the oPt signaling little optimism concerning the Palestinian economy which limits appetite for domestic investment and thus increases deposits. The sharp drop in the third and fourth quarters signals heightened concern with regard to overall economic performance, most likely due to the events in Gaza since June 2007.

Indicator	Baseline Aug-00	Dec-07	Jan-08	Feb-08	Mar-08	Apr-08	May-08
Palestinian Securities Exchan	ge						
Volume of trade							
Number of shares traded (x million)	n.a.	16.2	37.3	23.5	45.7	57.1	42.8
Value of shares traded (x million US\$)	n.a.	53.6	140.0	78.3	128.7	234.3	182.7
Indices							
	n.a.	527.26	596.09	599.69	655.22	714	696.70

Similar to bank credit and deposits, data on the Palestinian stock exchange is used as a proxy indicator of Palestinian perceptions vis-à-vis the state of the national economy. Data for May 2008 shows a decrease in trade at the stock exchange both in terms of value and number of stocks traded. The Al-Quds index has also declined in May, by approximately 2.42%.